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VOL. XIII NO. 176— BOMBAY MONDAY, JULY 27, 1925. ONE ANNA

The Bombay Chronicle

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The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 6 p.m.

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Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1st Aug.	CHINA ..		7,952
8th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MANTUA*	10,902
15th ,,	DELTA* ..		7,622
22nd ,,	RAZMAK ..	NALDERA x	15,993
29th ,,	MOREA ..		10,911
5th Sept.	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA*	11,089
12th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		16,227
19th ,,	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDA*	16,100
26th ,,	RANPURA ..		
3rd Oct.	RAZMAK ..	MONGOLIA x	16,504
10th ,,	CHINA ..		7,952
17th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTAN x ..	20,847
24th ,,	RAWALPINDI ..		16,100
31st ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALWA* ..	10,941
7th Nov.	RANCHI ..		16,100
14th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALOJA x ..	20,837
21st ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
28th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MANTUA* ..	10,902
5th Dec.	RANPURA ..		16,100
12th ,,	RAZMAK ..	NALDERAx ..	15,953
19th ,,	DEVANHA ..		8,151
26th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOREA* ..	10,919
1926.			
2nd Jan.	RAWALPINDI ..		16,100
9th ,,	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDA x	15,227
16th ,,	RANCHI ..		16,100
23rd ,,	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA*	11,080
30th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
6th Feb.	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTAN x	20,847
13th ,,	RANPURA ..		16,585
20th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALWA*	10,941
27th ,,	RAJPUTANA ..		16,100
6th Mar.	RAZMAK ..	MALOJA x ..	20,837
13th ,,	RAWALPINDI ..		16,100
20th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MANTUA* ..	10,902
27th ,,	RANCHI ..		16,100
31st ,,	CHINA† ..		7,952
3rd April	RAZMAK ..	NALDERAx ..	15,993
10th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
17th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOREA* ..	10,918
24th ,,	RANPURA ..		16,585
1st May	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDA x	16,227
8th ,,	RAJPUTANA ..		16,100
15th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA	11,089
22nd ,,	RAWALPINDI		16,100
29th ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTAN	20,847

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

† s.s. CHINA 31st March extra steamer at following reduced rates:—

1st Saloon to London £80, £70, and £60.

1st Saloon to Marseilles £72, £62, and £46.

2nd Saloon to London £54, and £52.

2nd Saloon to Marseilles £50, and £48.

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To Marseilles and Back £100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
17th Sept.	WARFIELD* ..	5,060
12th Nov	MANDALA ..	8,246
26th ,,	DUMANA ..	8,427

* Cargo Vessels only, will not convey passengers

P. AND O. SAILINGS, BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

P. AND O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo for Australia with
24th July	JEYPORE*	5,318	
4th Aug.	MIRZAPORE* ..	6,715	
6th Augt	NARKUNDA .	16,227	
1st Sep	SOUDAN ..	6,696	CATHAY
15th ,,	SICILIA ..	6,813	MALOJA
10th Nov.	SOUDAN ..	6,696	NARKUNDA
24th ,,	SICILIA ..	6,813	CHITRAL
22nd Dec.	DELTA ..	7,622	MONGOLIA

* Cargo vessels only, proceed to Japan via Singapore

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

29th	July	BANKURA ..	Buseh via Karachi. & P. G. Ports
31st	,,	VITA ..	Buseh via Karachi
5th	Aug.	KARAPARA ..	East & S. Africa.

The sailings for Karachi via Kathiawar on Saturdays and Mondays have now been suspended until September, but steamers will leave for Karachi on Wednesdays and Fridays as usual.

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Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Toyooka Maru	S Enya	7098	17th July	25th July
Muroran Maru	S. Hirai	5374	27th July	10th Aug
*Tamba Maru	J. Fujisawa	5845	15th Aug	29th Aug
Tokushima Maru	K. Fukuda.	5975	27th Aug	10th Sept
Ceylon Maru.	J. Yamada.	4905	15th Sept	29th Sep

* Passengers Steamers.

REVISED PASSAGE FARES

For	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Steerage.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Singapore	300	200	140	100
Hongkong	475	320	215	145
Shanghai	530	355	240	160
Kobe	600	400	255	170

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Capital	Authorised	1,00,00,000
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Capital	Paid up to 31/12/24	30,65,586
Reserve	Fund	25,70,000

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Public Accountant.

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Allahabad	Madras (Mount Road)
Alleppey	Madura
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Ambala Cantonment (Sub-Agency)	Mandalay City (Pay Office)
Amraoti	Mangalore
Amritsar	Masulipatam
Bangalore	Meerut
Bareilly	Meerut City (Pay Office)
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Bellary	Montgomery
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Berhampore	Mooltan
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Calicut	Nagpore
Cawnpore	Nainital
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Chittagong	Nasik
Chandpore	Negapatam
Coconada	Nellore
Cochin	Nowshera
Coimbatore	Ootacamund
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Dhulia	Rangoon
Dibrugarh	Rangpur
Erode	Rawalpindi
Ellore	Rawalpindi City (Pay Office)
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Farrukhabad	Sargodha
Fyzabad	Secunderabad (Sub-Agency)
Gaya	Serajgunge
Gorakhpur	Sholapur
Godhra	Sialkot
Gujranwala	Simla
Guntur	Srinagar
Gwalior	Sukkur
Hapur (Pay Office)	Surat
Hathras	Tellicherry
Hubli	Thana
Hyderabad (Deccan)	Tinnevelly
Hyderabad (Sind)	Tirupur
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LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1920 of 1925.

Bai BAKULABAI, widow of Sakharam Gynoba Bague, of Bombay, Vir Shaiva Lingayat Inhabitant, residing at Bhandari Street, outside the Fort of Bombay. ... Plaintiff.

Vs.

(1.) PARSHURAM ABAJI JAMBOORE, of Bombay, Vir Shaiva Lingayat Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Thakurdwar Road, outside the Fort, (2) DAGDU HARI SATBHAI, also of Bombay, Vir Shaiva Lingayat Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Bhandari Street, outside the Fort, (3) ABA GOVIND SHETE, also of Bombay, Vir Shaiva Lingayat Inhabitant, Merchant, residing at Durgadevi, without the Fort, (4) BALA NARAYAN HONRAO, also of Bombay, Vir Shaiva Lingayat Inhabitant, a Merchant residing at Lohar Chawl, outside the Fort. (5) MANOHAR GOVIND ITCHAPURE, also of Bombay, Vir Shaiva Lingayat Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Kumbharwada, outside the Fort, (6) MARUTI BAPU SHENDE, also of Bombay, Vir Shaiva Lingayat Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Null Bazar, outside the Fort and (7) NARAYAN SHIVAPPA WAKADE, also of Bombay, Vir Shaiva Lingayat Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Kumbharwada, outside the Fort of Bombay, all members of the Vir Shaiva Lingayat Community of Bombay for themselves and other members of the said Vir Shaiva Lingayat community of Bombay. ... Defendants.

To,

The Members of the Vir Shaiva Lingayat Community of Bombay

Sirs,

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Honourable Mr. Justice Mirza on the 7th day of July, 1925 Notice is hereby given under Order I Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that the above suit has been filed in this Honourable Court by the Plaintiff abovenamed against the Defendants abovenamed on behalf of themselves and on behalf of the Vir Shaiva Lingayat Community of Bombay praying as follows:—

(a) That it may be declared that the Plaintiff is entitled to erect a Samadhi on her husband's grave in the burial ground belonging to the Community and situate at Worlee on payment of usual fee

(b) That the Defendants may be restrained by an Order and injunction of this Hon'ble Court from interfering with the Plaintiff her servants and agents in constructing such Samadhi.

(c) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit the Defendants may be restrained from interfering with the grave of the Plaintiff's husband.

(d) That the Defendants may be ordered to pay to the Plaintiff's costs of this suit.

AND take further notice that the hearing of the suit has been fixed for the 7th day of September, 1925.

Dated this 18th day of July, 1925.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI, Prothonotary.

E. J. DAVAR.

18th day of July, 1925.

Messrs. SABNIS GOREGAOKER AND SENJIT.

Plaintiff's Attorneys.

C23768

HIGH COURT.

O. O. C. J

Summary Suit No. 909 of 1924.

NANDRAMDAS HIRANAND, a firm. ..... Defendants.

vs.

S. M. TYEBALLY AND CO., a firm. ..... Defendants.

To,

S. M. TYEBALLY AND CO.,

The Defendants abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the above suit has been filed against you in which the plaintiffs' claim is for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 2,000 being the balance due under the Bill of Exchange, dated the 17th day of September 1923, drawn by Esufally Mohamedally and Co. on you in favour of the plaintiffs abovenamed and of Rs. 15-8 for notarial charges and the costs of this suit and interest on judgment at six per cent per annum until payment.

If you desire to defend the said suit, you must within ten days from the publication of this advertisement exclusive of the day of such publication apply to the said Court for leave to appear and defend the suit.

In default of your obtaining such leave or of appearance and defence in pursuance thereof the plaintiffs will be entitled to obtain judgment against you.

Leave to appear and defend may be obtained on an application made within the time aforesaid to the Sitting Judge in Chambers.

Dated this 24th day of July, 1925.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA.

Plaintiffs Attorneys.

C23770.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY,

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT NO. 3696 OF 1923.

VADILAL PURSHOTAMDAS and others. .....K..... Plaintiffs

vs.

RAMCOOVER SOORAJMAL and others ..... Defendants.

and

Messrs. GORAKHRAM SODHURAM ..... Plaintiffs to counter-claim.

vs.

VADILAL PURSHOTAMDAS and others ..... Defendants to counter-claim.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 11th day of September, 1924, and the Consent Judge's Order, dated the 19th March, 1925, the following immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on MONDAY, the 10th day of August, 1925, at the hour of 4.30 o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. 1.—All that piece of land together with the messuages tenements or buildings standing there on situate Chawpatty, fronting the Walkeshwar Roa without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1128.49 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old No. 323 and others New No 2121 and others, Old Survey No. 12 and New Survey No. 7297 and bounded, on the East by Plot No. 12 demised by the Trustees of the Dadysett Charity Trust to Shivdayal Shivsamal, on the West by Plot No. 10 demised by the said Trustees to Dr. Hormasji Manekji Daruwalla, on the North by the property of the said truste and on the South by the said Walkeshwa Road and the buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under D Ward No. 2475 and street No. 4 and said premises are in the occupation or possession of Ramcoover Soorajmal or his tenants.

LOT NO. 2—All that piece or parcel of land (together with the messages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate at Chowpatty, fronting the Walkeshwar Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 949.58 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 323 and others New No. 2121 and others Old Survey No. 12, New Survey No. 7292 and bounded as follows:—that is say, on or towards the East by the Plot No. 4 demised by the said Trustees Amarchand Choonilal, on or towards the West by Plot No. 12 demised by the said Trustees to Shivdayal Shivsamal on or towards the North by the property of the said trustees and on or towards the South by the said Walkeshwar Road and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward D Nos. 2470-72, Street Nos. 2 and and are in the occupation of Nandlal Thakersidas or his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. 'Daphtary Ferreira an Divan,' Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 13-19, Medows Street, Fort Bombay.

Dated this 25th day of June, 1925.

(SD) R. B. Patel,

Ag. Commissioner.

23592.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 3062 of 1920.

MAHOMEDALLI ADAMJI MASALAWALLA & Ors ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

ABDUL HUSSEIN ADAMJI MASALAWALLA & Ors ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the consent Decree made in the above Suit and bearing date the 25th day of February, 1924, the following immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on MONDAY, the 27th day of July, 1925, at the hour of five O'Clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

Kurla Property Lot No. 1.

All that piece of Khite land with building thereon, situate at Kurla, District Thana, bearing Survey No. 231, Falni No. 38 and containing by admeasurement 2072 square yards of which 1230 square yards are on agricultural land bearing Municipal No. 59 and 842 square yards are agricultural land and bear entry No. 301, Survey No. 231 Pot Hissa No. 12 and bounded on the East by Agra Road, on the West by the property of K. Fernandes, on the North by the property of Currimbhai Jiwaji and on the South by the property of T. X. Fernandes.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Cresham Building Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 18th day of March, 1925.

(Sd.) H. WADIA,

C23594 Commissioner.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MR. CURSONDAS TEJPAL has contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our office at No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the Eastern side of Breach Candy Road, or Girgaum Road in the town and Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1242 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 56, New No. 504, Old Survey No. 408 and New Survey No. 265 and Cadestral Survey No. 2088 of Bhuleshwar Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 4254 (1-2) 4255, 4256, 4260, and 4261 and Street Nos. 447, 449, 451, 453-1 and 454-2-3 and which said premises are bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Vishwanath Vithalji Zaoba, on or towards the West by the said Breach Candy Road, on or towards the North by another property of the Mortgagor and on or towards the South by another property of the Mortgagor.

Dated this 25th day of July, 1925.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADON.

Purchasers Attorneys.

C23771.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

In the matter of THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, VII of 1913.

and

In the matter of THE BOMBAY INDUSTRIAL MILLS CO., LTD.

THE BOMBAY INDUSTRIAL MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, a joint Stock Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913 and having its registered office at Royal Insurance Building, 121-4, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition presented to the Honourable the Sitting Judge in Chambers on the 16th day of July, 1925, for confirming a Special Resolution reducing the share capital of the above Company from Rupees Twenty-five lakhs to Rupees twelve laks fifty thousand is directed to be heard before the Honourable the Sitting Judge in Chambers on THURSDAY, the 6th day of August 1925.

Dated this 21st day of July, 1925.

K. C. DIVAN,

for Messrs. Daphtary Ferreira and Divan, Attorneys for the Petitioner.

C. 23763.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of NARAYAN KRISHNA RAO JAYKAR, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, lately carried on business under the name and style of N. K. Jaykar and Co., residing at No. 2, Old Hamman Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

ANANDRAO KRISHNARAO JAYKAR, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at No. 2, Old Hanuman Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay... Petitioner

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this Twenty-second day of July in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-five and in the sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI, Registrar.

(Sd.) E. J. DAVAR.

The 22nd day of July, 1925.

Messrs. N. C. DALAL and CO., Petitioners' Attorneys.

23765.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 3477 of 1924.

FATMABAI, daughter of Jusab Salemahomed & anr. ... Plaintiffs.

vs.

ALIMAHOMED SALEMAHOMED & another. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decretal Order of Reference made in the above Suit and bearing date the 5th day of November, 1924, the following immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on MONDAY, the 24th day of August, 1925, at the hour of five o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. 1.—All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate and being at eighth Kamatipura Street, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and eighty-four square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of land Revenue under Old Nos. 4123, 4124 and 4125, New 10712 Old Survey Nos. 1/3681, 2/3682, 3683, and New Survey No. 6307; and Cadastral S. No. 143, Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 1758 to 1628 and Street Nos. 122, 124, 128, and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Kassum Furniturewalla, on or towards the West by the Municipal land, on or towards the North by the said 8th Kamatipura Street and on or towards the South by the 7th Kamatipura Street.

LOT NO. II:—All that piece or parcel of Perpetual Fazendari land or ground, situate in the cart called a Mota Hardilla at Mahim Bazar, Cross Lane in upper Mahim, outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 125 6/9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the East by the Public Passage and beyond that the house of Dr. A. D. Monte on the West by the property of Sorabji Bezonji Driver, on the North by the house of Ratan Siwwar Mangalia and on the South by the said Mahim Bazar Road Cross Lane and which said piece of land forms a portion of the land registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 26 and new Survey No. 35, and Cadastral Survey No. 692, Mahim Division and assessed by the Assessor and Colector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward 5364 Street No. 6.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. PAYNE & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs, Mercantile Bank Building, Fort, Bombay.

Dated the 2nd day of July, 1925.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,

Ag. Commissioner.

23644

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of MORESHWAR TUKARAM KHEDEKAR, late of Bombay, Daivadnya Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant, engraver... Deceased.

PURSHOTAM MORESHWAR KHEDEKAR ENGRAVER, one of the sons of the deceased abovenamed, of Bombay, Daivadnya Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Khatar Gully, outside the Fort of Bombay...Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Sixteenth day of July in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and twenty-five and in the Sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court

P. B. MALABARI, Registrar.

(Sd.) E. J. DAVAR.

The 16th day of Jsly, 1925.

Messrs. DIKSHIT MANEKLAL & CO., Petitioners' Attorneys.

C 23775.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CONVERSION OF GOVERNMENT OF INDIA BONDS 1925 TO 1928.

I. Holders of 5½ per cent War Bonds, 1925 can convert into either

(a) the 5 per cent Income-tax free loan 1945-55 at the rate of Rs. 100 of that loan *plus* a cash payment of Rs. 3 in exchange for each Rs. 100 (nominal value) of War Bonds, 1925; or

(b) a new issue of 5 per cent Ten Year Bonds, 1935, subject to Income-tax at the rate of Rs. 100 of that loan *plus* a cash payment of Rs. 7 in exchange for each Rs. 100 (nominal value) of War Bonds, 1925.

II. Holders of 6 per cent Bonds, 1926 can convert into either

(a) the 5 per cent income-tax free loan 1945-55 at the rate of Rs. 100 of that loan *plus* a cash payment of Rs. 1-8-0 in exchange for each Rs. 100 (nominal value) of 6 per cent Bonds 1926; or

(b) a new issue of 5 per cent Ten Year Bonds, 1935 subject to income-tax at the rate of Rs. 100 of that loan *plus* a cash payment of Rs. 5-8-0 in exchange for each Rs. 100 (nominal value) of 6 per cent Bonds, 1926.

III. Holders of 6 per cent Bonds, 1927 can convert into the 5 per cent income-tax free loan 1945-55 at the rate of Rs. 100 of that loan *plus* a cash payment of Rs. 2-4-0 in exchange for each Rs. 100 (nominal value) of 6 per cent Bonds, 1927.

IV. Holders of 5½ per cent War Bonds, 1928 can convert into the 5 per cent income-tax free loan 1945-55 at the rate of Rs. 100 of that loan *plus* a cash payment of Rs. 5-8-0 in exchange for each Rs. 100 (nominal value) of 5½ per cent War Bonds, 1928.

Applications for conversion will be received from 13th July to 12th September 1925 inclusive. Interest at the higher rate payable on the Bonds tendered for conversion will be allowed in all cases upto date from which securities of new loan or Bonds issued in exchange carry interest at 5 per cent., viz. 15th October in former case and 15th September in latter. Brokerage will be allowed to recognised Bankers and Brokers at two annas per cent on applications received not later than 25th July and at one anna per cent on those received subsequently.

Full details may be ascertained from the Local Head Office of the Imperial Bank of India or its branches, from any Government treasury or Sub-treasury or from the Deputy Controller of the Currency, New Customs House, Bombay.

23660.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. HIRALAL & CO., Attorneys for R. G. Kanakia of Messrs. R. P. Wagle and Co., will sell the goodwill of the said Messrs. R. P. Wagle & Co., which carried on an extensive business in imports of piece-goods at Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, on or about Thursday, the 30th day of July, 1925, at 3 p.m. at their Office, situate at 80, Esplanade Road, within the Fort.

Intending purchasers are requested to send in their offers to the undersigned at their Office mentioned above, with a deposit of 25 per cent. of the price offered and the balance will be payable by the Purchaser at the time when he is declared the purchaser.

HIRALAL & CO.,

Attorneys-at-Law.

C23760

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion ..	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ..	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ..	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance, and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement column.

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

NOTICE

Bombay, 10th July, 1925.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India will be held at the Local Head Office of the Bank, Apollo Street, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 17th August, 1925, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time) for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive the Central Board's Report, the Statement of the Affairs of the Bank made up to 30th June, 1925, and the Report of the Auditors.
2. To elect three Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

N. H. Y. WARREN,

W. LAMB (Offg.)

Managing Governors.

C23737.

NOTICE

WANTED for the Diploma Classes in this College, a well-qualified GRADUATE of an Indian University or one with similar qualifications as Instructor in the following subjects,

Surveying, Elementary Applied Mechanics, Elementary Mathematics, including Trigonometry and Mensuration, Sanitation etc.

In applying state age, caste, place of birth, where educated, University degrees with classes and years of passing.

Testimonials covering the last three years from Heads of Institutions or Employers regarding qualifications, Character, and fitness for the post should accompany.

Pay will be on the scale Rs. 150-10-190 on probation for the first year, with the Provident Fund basis in lieu of pension and with an agreement for a period of 5 years to be terminated at 6 months notice by either party.

Applications to be submitted before the 15th August 1925.

PRINCIPAL.

College of Engineering,

Poona, 25 July, 1925.

23774.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

KATNI
"CASTLE" BRAND
AND
JUBBULPORE
"LOTUS" BRAND
Portland Cements
ALSO
KATNI
FIRE BRICKS,
FIRE CLAY,
BOILER SEATING BLOCKS
FLUE COVERS

All available for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY EX-
BOMBAY STOCK.

THE KATNI CEMENT AND INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
THE JUBBULPORE PORTLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.
C. MACDONALD & CO.,
AGENTS
Laxmi Building, Ballard Road, Fort
BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 20418.

NOTICE.

E:—THE VIRAMGAM SPG. AND MFG. CO., LTD.
(In Liquidation.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all the property of the above named mpany comprising land Mill buildings d Machinery situated at Viramgam, pposite the Railway Station will be put r sale by Public Auction on SATURDAY, e 15th day of August, 1925 at 12-30 on the Mill premises at Viramgam.

Description of the property is as nder:—

LAND.

The Company owns 1,22,573 square yards freehold land.

The Company further owns 29,645 square rds of leasehold land more than half of hich is on 99 years lease and the rest on years' lease.

BUILDINGS.

In addition to the main Mill Buildings hich have ample accommodation for the Mill machinery the Mill owns Bleaching and Dyeing shed and lso well built substantial godowns and tore-houses and a Ginning Factory with 8 Gins. The Mill further owns nicely uilt and substantial Bunglows for Agents guests, and Mill Officers and a good number of chawls for the Mill workmen.

MACHINERY

The Mill owns the following Machinery:—

SPINNING DEPARTMENT:—

1 Hopper Bale Opener. 3 Combined Openers, 3 Finishers, and 4 Inter Machines, 77 Cards, 8 Drawing Frames, 8 Slubbing Frames of 96 Spindles, 14 Inter Frames of 128 Spindles, 29 Roving Frames of 164 Spindles, 1 Mule of 720 Spindles, and 64 Ring Frames comprising 22,512 Spindles, 2 Doubling Frames of 300 Spindles each, 11 Pirn winding Machines, 73 Reeling Machines and 4 Bundling Presses. Most of the Machinery is of the manufacture of Messrs. Howard and Bullough and has been purchased in the years 1905 to 1910.

WEAVING DEPARTMENT:—

4 Winding Machines of 300 Spindles, 1 Drum Colour winding Machine, 9 Warping Machines, 5 Sizing Machines, 11 Drawer Machines, 11 Beam Holder, 565 Looms, 2 Calendars, (1 of 7 Bowls and 1 of 3 Bowls), 2 Sewing Machines, 2 Folding Machines and 5 Baling Presses (Hydraulic).

MECHANIC SHOP:—

The Mill has also got a Mechanic Shop with 3 Drilling Machines, 1 Cutter Grinder, 1 Screw Cutting Machine, 4 Lathes and a foundry on a small scale.

ENGINES:—

The Mill has two Horizontal compound condensing Engines of the manufacture of Messrs. Clayton Bros. The engines are of 450 I. H. P. and 350 I. H. P. These are served by five Lancashire Boilers. In addition there are six small engines 7 Pumps.

WATER WORKS.

There is a sub-artesian well in the Mill compound, water from which is pumped to a tank and is then distributed from the tank to the Mill Buildings as well as to the Officers' and other Bunglows and to the workmen's chawls. The water service connections are in a sound condition.

ELECTRIC FITTINGS:—

Electric fittings are complete.

The above property of the Company is in the possession of the undersigned as Official Liquidator of the Co., to whom all the inquiries should be addressed.

The above property is open to inspection from now

H. V. SHIVDASANI,
Official Liquidator,
The Viramgam Spg. & Mfg Co., Ltd.,
(in Liquidation).

Karanj
Sir Rustamji's Bungalow,
Ahmedabad, 15th May, 1925
C23496

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on SATURDAY and TUESDAY, the 1st and 4th proximo, those days being Public Holidays (ASHURA and COCOANUT DAY respectively) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

By Order,
J. G. RIDLAND,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 23rd July, 1925.
C. 23757.

THE KATNI CEMENT AND INDUSTRIAL COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders of the above Company will be held on TUESDAY, 11th August, 1925, at 4.45 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, Laxmi Building, Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business.

1st. To adopt the Directors Report and Audited Balance Sheet up to 31st March, 1925.

2nd. Two Directors retire by rotation under Clause 109 of the Articles of Association, but offer themselves and are eligible for re-election.

3rd. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

4th. To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 28th July to 11th August, 1925, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. MACDONALD & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 15th July, 1925. C 23721.

THE JUBBULPORE PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders of the above Company will be held on TUESDAY, 11th August, 1925, at 5-15 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, Laxmi Building, Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:

1st. To adopt the Directors Report and audited Balance Sheet up to 31st March, 1925.

2nd. Two Directors retire by rotation under Clause 100 of the Articles of Association, but offer themselves and are eligible for re-election.

3rd. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

4th. To trantsact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 28th July to 11th August, 1925, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. MACDONALD & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 15th July, 1925.
C23722

TENDERS.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED and will be received upto 12 noon on the 19th August, 1925 for the work of "Proposed extension to the Civil Hospital and B. J. Medical School at Ahmedabad," the approximate cost of which is Rs. 63,106.

2. Blank forms and other information can be had from the Undersigned's office during working days upto 17th August, 1925.

3. Acceptance or rejection of any tender rests with the Superintending Engineer, Northern Circle, without assigning any reasons therefor.

(Sd.) G. D DAFTARY.
Executive Engineer,
Ahmedabad Division.
C23766

AUCTION SALES.

NUSSERWANJI SORABJI & CO.

Under kind instructions from the Superintendent Ammunition Factory Kirkee, the undersigned will receive offers in writing for the sale of 2,000 two thousands cwts. Brass Scrap consisting of Pure Brass Cups. Intending purchasers may offer for any quantity. Offers may be sent by registered post so as to reach the undersigned at 1 p.m. on or before Wednesday the 29th July—1925 or may be delivered personally to the undersigned on or before that date; every offer must be accompanied by a deposit of five per cent., the balance must be paid immediately after the offer accepted. Intending purchasers will have to make a declaration that he or they will not store or deal in the said brass scrap within the limits of the Poona City and Poona and Kirkee Cantonments. Samples can be obtained from the undersigned.

NUSSERWANJI SORABJI & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers,
84, Main Street, Camp Poona.

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF SPECIAL
CONCESSION RATES
IN OUR
CLASSIFIED SHORT
ADVERTISEMENT COLUMNS.

ON and from 1st June, 1925 our charges for Short Advertisements are as under:—

HALF ANNA
PER WORD.
Minimum Twelve Words.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA
PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER. The full name and address of the arvertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words, Apply Box No..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements, are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A FITTER or ASSISTANT SPINNING MASTER, having full experience of William Tatham's Condensor and Coiler Waste plants. Apply to Box No. 910 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle".
A 23773.

WANTED—An experienced STENOGRAPHER for Divisional Transportation Superintendent's Office, Jubbulpore, starting pay Rs. 80/- rising to Rs. 120/-. The applicant must have passed at least the Matriculation Examination. Apply in person to the PERSONAL ASSISTANT TO THE CHIEF TRANSPORTATION SUPERINTENDENT, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus with original credentials.
A. 23747.

WANTED CANDIDATES for appointment as Forest Rangers in the Bombay Presidency after training at the Madras Forest College, Coimbatore. Age between 18 and 23. Minimum qualifications, Matriculation, School Final or School Leaving Certificate Examinations. Applications should reach the Chief Conservator of Forests, Bombay Presidency, Poona, by 1st September, 1925. (2) Form of application is not prescribed but applications should be accompanied by certain certificates, etc. (3) For detailed rules, see "Bombay Government Gazette", Part 1, dated 23rd July 1925 or of subsequent weeks. Applications not conforming to those rules will not be taken into consideration.
A. 23704.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—CASHIERS with salary Rs. 100. Those who can lay security need write to Box No. 907 Advt. Dept. Bombay Chronicle".
A R1520.

WANTED—Guaranteed BROKERS for export firm, Bombay, Madras and Calcutta, Apply Box No. 906, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle".
A R1519.

WANTED—MOFUSSIL AGENTS for the sale of "Bombay Chronicle." Apply for revised terms of Agency to the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle," Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
A.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

GUJARATI B.A., of American University, obtained Commercial Training (Diploma). Wanted SITUATION in any capacity. Write Box No. 901, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1499

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

AIRY and convenient OFFICES in the Union Bank Buildings, Apollo Street, Fort, at reduced rents. Lift available.
C23641

GROUND FLOOR.—For Office or Show room in Nanjee Building, 17, Elphinstone Circle, Marble flooring, electri uttings. Rent Rs. 150/-. Apply DEVKARAN NANJEE.
C R1401

TO BE LET—Ready for immediate occupation, New Godowns 70'x25'x25' fit for Printing Presses, Electric and Engineering Workshop and Mill Stores and Shipchandlers goods or Handlooms Factory at Lamington Road. Apply M. S. KHESHVALA AND SONS, 75, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
C

TO LET—From 1st August, one OFFICE ROOM in a prominent business locality in Fort, opposite Clock Tower, Esplanade Road, with two independent entrances and about 225 square feet in area. Apply K. P. DAVAR and Co., Architects, N. M. Wadia Building, 123, Esplanade Road, Fort.
C R 1506.

FRUITS, FLOWERS, SEEDS.

QUETTA LOVELY PEACHES.—Six pounds 10/-. Delivery Free end July. Picking packing scientific. Quality finest. AFGHANISTAN FRUIT AGENCY, Quetta.
F R1349

FAMOUS KULU FRUIT—Finest Pears and Apples now ready. An 11 lbs. basket for Rs. 5/10 inclusive of packing and postage. V.P.P. to all parts of India. THE AGENT, Aramgarh and Raisen Orchards, Kulu, Punjab.
F R1489

FINEST DESSERT PEARS—from the middle of July. APPLES in August, sent to any part of India carefully packed by V. P. Post at Rs. 5-10 for 9-lbs. of fruit. Apply to A. H. LEE, Bundrole Orchards, KULU, Punjab. R1169

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

FOR SALE—(4) Asa Lees Mules 1889, 774 Spindles, 2-3/8in. Gauge. In working order. For further particulars apply to the MANAGER, The Phoenix Mills, Parel.
N. R 1503.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers, from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle" preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelope.

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Medows St., Fort, Bombay.

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T R1505

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T R1533

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENT.—Tea garden shares for sale.—The Jalpaiguri Tea Concerns pay amazingly hig dividend varying from 60 to 350 per cent. For particulars please refer to Messrs. B M. and Co., Brokers, Jalpaiguri.
T. R. 1413.

AMUSEMENTS

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PRESENTS
THIS WEEK
SHRI KRISHNA FILM CO'S.
Hothal Padamani:
A PICTURE WORTH SEEING.
SEE A DARING YOUNG LADY.

AMUSEMENTS

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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
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A Warner Bros Classic of the Screen.
'CONDUCTOR 1492'
starring
JOHNNY HINES
A HILARIOUS FARCE-COMEDY
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THE MECCA OF TENNIS
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Showing all this week at 6, 8 and 10 p. m.
POPULAR PRICES.

AUCTION SALES.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
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Telephone No. 24927

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 P. M. (S. T.).
GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS
AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT ARTHUR ROAD TARDEO WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Malvi Modi Ranchhoddas & Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagees Messrs. Dewji Dharsey and others and by virtue of the power of sale contained in the indenture of Mortgage dated the 25th day of July 1922 and made between Haji Vali Mahomed Moti and others of the one part and the said Mortgagees of the other part Messrs. GANDHI & CO. Auctioneers will sell the undermentioned property by public auction to-day MONDAY, the 27th August, 1925 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Forca Land admeasuring one thousand five hundred and ninety two square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of land Revenue under Collectors Old No. 522 Collectors New No. 54031 old Survey No. 449 and New Survey No. 3/3296 and Cadestral Survey No. 342 together with the message tenements and dwelling house standing thereon and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 3885 (1) 3885 (2) 3885 (3) and Street No. 12 14-16, 16 A and 16 B situate at and on the west side of Arthur Road Tardeo in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded on or towards the East by the said Arthur Road, on or towards the West and North by the property of Bai Rehmutbai widow of Jairajbhai Pirbhai and on or towards the South by the property of Nensey Khairaj.

For further particulars and Conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Malvi Mody Ranchhoddas & Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their Office at 79 Medows Street, Fort or to the undersigned.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS
AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT GIRGAUM BACK ROAD WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Manilal Kher, and Sequeira, Attorneys for the Mortgagee, Dr. Nilkanth A. Purandare M. D. and in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagee under an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 9th April 1924 and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Bai Sumatibai wife of Kakubhai Ranchhoddas, will sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immoveable Property on Friday the 8th August, 1925 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension Tax Land or Ground now redeemed with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the East side of Girgaum Back Road in the Island and registration District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 354-8/9 square wards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less registered by the Collector of Land revenue under old No. 296 New No. 2010 Old Survey No. 2 and New Survey No. 5/7491 and assessed by the Municipality under C Ward No. 6518 Street No. 73-75 and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Nathu Mulji on or towards the East by a Sweepers passage, on or towards the South by the property formerly belonging to Dinanath Gangadhar Shroff but now to Kashinath Dinanath Shroff and on or towards the West by the Girgaum Back Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Manilal Kher, and Sequeira, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office at 53, Medows Street, Fort or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT CHAMPA GULLY (OTHERWISE KNOWN AS KHUTTER WADI IN VITHALWADI.)

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esqr., Receiver in Suit No. 514 of 1925 (Kallianji Madhavjee and another vs. Kaku and others), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on MONDAY, the 3rd August next, sell by Public Auction on the premises at 5 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned property:

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuages tenements standing thereon, lying on the West side of Champa Gully or Champa Wadi, otherwise called Khutter Wadi Lane, in Vithalwadi Street containing about 436 square yards and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140 and 140 New No. 1193, Old Survey No. 91 and 91, New Survey No. 1555 and Cadastral Survey No. 1870, Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes in C Ward No. 1585-6. Street Nos. 111 and 15 and bounded as follows, on the East by the Public passage or Street called Khutterwadi Lane on the West by the house of Nana Ramchandra and his brothers on the North by the house of Vallabhdas Velji and on the South by the house of Ladha Bhukian.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mansukhlal, Hiralal Mehta and Co., Solicitors for the Receiver or to the undersigned.

AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable landed property at Esplanade Road, Fort, next to the National Bank of India, Ltd., and the Bombay Club and opposite to the Currency Bank.

Suit No. 44 of 1923.

Bank of India, Ltd. vs. M. Nagarseth Sons and another.

Under instructions from the Commissioner, High Court, and pursuant to the directions contained in the decree absolute for sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 22nd day of October, 1923, and the Judge's Order made herein on the 9th June, 1924, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on MONDAY, the 10th August next, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises, the following very valuable landed property.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Government leasehold land situate, lying and being on the West side of Rampart Row, on the Esplanade within the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 16799, and New Survey No. 8433 and containing by admeasurement 1,232 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Navbhai, widow of Kallianji Ludha, on or towards the East by Rampart Row as aforesaid, on or towards the West by the Elden Road, on or towards the South by the property of Nursee Dharmaji and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Kasturbhai Manibhai and Co., together with the buildings, edifices and structures standing thereon and assessed by the assessment Collector under A Ward No. 1167 Street No. 22, 24 and 11C, 15.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Craigie Blunt and Caroe, Solicitors, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 60 FULL PRESSED BALES UGANDA COTTON (SLIGHTLY COUNTRY DAMAGED.)

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will TO-DAY MONDAY, the 27th instant, sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Sewri Cotton Depot on account of the Underwriters about 31 full pressed bales Uganda Cotton (slightly country damaged) lying at Sewri in godown No. 137-J and 29 bales full pressed Uganda cotton (slightly country damaged) in Mr. Wadia's godown No. 13.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.,

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

25th July 1925.

Yesterday's sensational advance was followed by a decline of 12 to 10 points in New York futures to-day. At the opening the market eased on some long liquidation, but later improved on short covering. Before close the prices again gave way on long liquidation and some hedge selling. Liverpool has been reported to to 11 points lower.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugars' New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co., cable under date 24th inst as under:—

"Speculators are the principal buyers. Look for downward tendency. West continues generally dry."

Although a slight decline was reported from Home the Marwari Bazar opened higher by a rupee at Rs. 457 3/2 for Broach July/August. Shroffs were moderate sellers while Commission Houses were buyers the market fluctuated within a narrow compass and closed at Rs. 457 1/2; whilst Broach April/May opened at Rs. 425 1/2 and going down to Rs. 424 1/2 on Bazar operators selling closed at Rs. 425. Shroffs and Commissions Houses were moderate buyers. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 426 1/2 and going down by half a rupee advanced to Rs. 427 on Bazar operators buying and closed at the 426 3/4.

Oomra January opened at Rs. 402 and eased to Rs. 401 1/2 on shroffs selling and closed at Rs. 402. Bengal January was quoted at Rs. 359 nominal.

To-day 500 bales Rajputana were tendered against Bengal Contract Total tenders upto date being 1,300 bales Bengal.

Our market for ready cotton remained quiet yesterday and about 1,000 bales only were reported to have changed hands.

COTTON GREEN —CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 25, 6-30 p.m.

Fully Good Broach April/May	426¾
Fully Good Broach July/Aug.	458½
Fuly Good Bengal Dec/Jan.	361
Fine Oomra Dcer/Jan	403½

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 25.

	Ready average quality.	Ready Fine
Bengal Superfine M.G.	.....	.....
Bengal Fine M.G.	.....	395/400
Bengal F.G.M.G.	375/80	.....
Sindh-Punjab Fine M.G.	.....	395/400
Sindh-Punjab F.G.M.G.	378/80	.....
Punjab-Americans M.G.	450/60	470
Wardha-Hinght Fine M.G	410/420	450/460
Nagpur Fine M.G.	415/425	450/460
Yeotmal Fine M.G.	400/410	440
Pulgaon Fine M.G.	415/420	440
Dhamangaon Fine M.G.	395/405	440
Amraoti Fine M.G.	380/90	430
KhamgaonAkola Fine M.G	380/90	420
Mulkapur Fine M.G.	370/80	400/410
Kandesh Fine M.G.	355/00	390/400
Khandesh F.G.M.G.	.....	.....
Broach Fine M.G.	.....	465
Broach Fully Good M.G.	.....	455
Muthia Fine M.G.	.....	.....
Muthia F.G.M.G.	.....	.....
Dharwar S.G.	.....	450
Coompta M.G.	.....	450
Westerns M.G.	.....	410/425
Westerns H.G.	.....	.....
Miraj M.G.	.....	435/45
Cambodia M.G.	.....	475/95

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, July 25.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 24th July 1925:—

Cotton	5250 Bales.
Wheat	3534 Cwts.
Linseed	1848 ,,
Rape, etc.	392 ,,
Gingellyseed	974 ,,
Poppyseed	146 ,,
Groundnuts	1150 ,,
Castorseed	3186 ,,
Rice	1178 ,,
Myrabolams	Nil
Cottonseed	7481 ,,
Mowraseed	Nil.
Gram	1102 ,,
Juwar	2 ,,
Masur	Nil.
Barley	Nil.
Bapri	1873 ,,
Coal	403 Tons.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT,

Bombay, July 25.

Ready Prices are unchanged around yesterday's closing price-levels. To-day's clearance including local requirements amounts to 2800 bags, showing a moderate record of off-take.

Our Forward Market has ruled steady to-day evidencing a rise of about a Pence in Near Positions in yesterday's closing price-levels.

The following are the closing quotations ruling the Bazar to-day.

Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 15/3 per cwt.
New Crop Java Sugar:—
Shipment July Sh. 14/9 per cwt F. B. H.
Shipment July-August-September Sh. 15/2 per cwt F. B. H.
Shipment October-November-December Sh. 15/8 per cwt F. B. H.
Shipment January-February-March Sh. 16 per cwt. F. B. H.

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	Since 1st September This year	Last year
Khandesh	...	292,441	340,183
Central India	1,539	339,495	301,796
Barsi and Nagar	251	205,634	204,878
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	97,057	104,038
Berar	68	564,559	646,502
Central Provinces	15	255,302	268,389
Total Oomras	1,873	1,754,488	1,865,786
Dholera	263	311,264	183,576
N.W. Provinces	...	130,829	122,521
Rajputana	340	80,244	89,749
Sind-Punjab	302	361,895	308,643
Broach	...	481,563	307,772
Coompta & Dharwar	1,152	196,774	184,006
Westerns-Northerns	1,320	103,764	87,637
Cocanada	...	1,658	1,983
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	34,638	27,884
Persian	...	5,499	8,856
American	...	9,649	2
Egyptian and African	...	63,835	66,245
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	...	3,495	826
Total	5,250	35,39,595	32,55,586

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 23rd July This year.	Last yea
Europe	1,115	666,529	1,072,937
Japan & China	5,732	1,824,928	1,486,161
Coast Ports	525	30,830	50,625
Upcountry by Rail.	...	15,096	20,447
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	33,269	6,854
Total	7,372	2,670,65	2,637,02

COTTON

London, July 25.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 2,000 bs.
Total Day's Sales on Spec & for Exp nil.
Total Day's Sales of East Indian 250.
Mid American Spot
Universal Standard 14.04 limited request.
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakellaridis 32.65.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Liverpool, July 25.

July	13.59+.06
August	13.36+.06
October	13.07+.05
January	12.96+.04
March	13.00+.04
May	13.04+.04

EGYPTIANS

Liverpool, July 25.

November	24.60+.05

London, July 24.

Belgium	104.95
Athens	307.50

Cuban Sugar 11/1½ July value.

COTTON ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpoool, July 25.

Scinde Good 9.85.
Scinde Fully Good 10.25.
Scinde Fine 10.65.
Bengal Good 9.95.
Bengal Fully Good 10.35.
Bengal Fine 10.75.
Oomra Good 10.65.
Oomra Fully Good 11.05.
Oomra Fine 11.45.
Broach Good 11.40.
Broach Fully Good 11.80.
Broach Fine 12.20.

CLOSING PRICES

Liverpoool, July 25.

Cotton Delivery	Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.
July	13.67+.14
Aug	13.44+.14
Sep	13.25+.15
Oct	13.78+.14
Nov	13.02+.13
Dec	13.04+.14
Jan	13.05+.13
Feb	13.05+.13
Mar	13.09+.13
Apl	13.09+.13
May	13.14+.14
June	13.10+.14
July	13.09+.14

Tone:—Firm.

EGYPTIAN COTTON CLOSING PRICES

Liverpoool, July 25.

July	30.45—.30.
Aug	28.55—.10
Sep unchanged	27.50
Oct unchanged	26.50
Nov unchanged	24.65
Dec unchanged	24.15
Jan unchanged	23.50
Feb unchanged	23.45
March unchanged	23.25
April unchanged	23.20
May unchanged	23.15
June unchanged	23.10
July unchanged	23.05

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT

London, July 25.

Total in Sight 14614000. bales.
Egyptian Visible Supply 118000
East Indian Visible Supply 189000.
American Visible Supply 1247,000.
Other Visible Supply 342,000.
Total Sales 22,000.
East Indian Sales 600.
East Indian Stock 43,000.
East Indian Forwarded 4,600.
East Indian Actual Export 200
East Indian Import of the week 9,000.
American Afloat 11,000.
East Indian Afloat 18,000
Total Afloat 133,000.
Taking of the world's spinners of American Cotton 176,000 Bales.

AMERICAN MARKETS

New York, July 25.

Cotton:—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 2,000
Futures at New York:—

October	25.25+.46
January	24.80+.41
March	25.10+.38
May	25.36+.41

Spot Cotton at New York:—25.75+.45
Spot Cotton at New Orleans 25.25+.40
Tone of Spot Cotton:—
Futures at New Orleans:—

October	24.78+.43
January	24.88+.39

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 20.
Demand Bills mutilated.
Silver Commercial Bars Foreign Mined 69 3/8.

Liverpool July 25.

Cotton Delivery	Mid Uplands G.O.C. Liverpool.
July	13.67+.14
Oct.	13.16+.14
Jan.	13.05+.13
Mar.	13.09+.13

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London, July 24.

Total Actual Export 3000 bales.
Total Forwarded consumers 54,000 bales.
Total Imports 27000 bales.
Total Stock 688000 bales.
Actual Weekly Sales 205,60 bales.
Water Twist 1/9
Printers Cloth 40/-

AMERICAN MARKETS

New York, July 24.

Week's Receipts of Cotton at U. S. Ports 22,000 bales.
Week's Exports to Great Britain 8,000 bales.
Week's Exports to France and Continent 30,000 bales.
Week's Exports to Japan nil.
Stock of Cotton at U.S. Ports 267, 000 bales.
Stock of Cotton at Interior Ports 166,000 bales.

CLOSING PRICES.

AMERICAN MARKET

New York July 25.

Futures at New York.

Oct.	25.25+.46
Jan.	24.80+.41
Mar.	25.10+.38
May	25.36+.41

JAVA SUGAR

London, July 25.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 15/7 1/2 Aug/Sep sellers.
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 15/9 Oct/Dec sellers.
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 16/- Jan/Mar sellers.
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay 16/2 1/2 Jan/Mar sellers.
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi 16/3 1/4 Jan/Mar sellers.
Tone:—Quiet.
M No. 2842 London 24/7.

RUBBER

London, July 25.

Para Up River Fine, Spot 53 Aug/Sep sellers.
Tone:—Firm.
Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot 49 1/2 July value.
Tone:—Opened weak and lower—Closed rather steadier.
Ribbed Smoked Sheets 51 July value.

WHEAT

Barletta Russo 62 1/2 lbs. 56/9 July/Aug sellers.
Rozario Santa 63 1/2 lbs. 58/6 Jul/Aug seellers.
Tone:—Firm—Harder to buy. Wheat afloat to U. K. 2195000 quarters.
Australian 56/9 Jun/July buyers.
Choice White Karachi Firm—Quiet.
Soft Red Karachi 56/6 Jun-Jul quoted.
Tone:—Firm held hicher little offered.
Cargo. Victorian 56/6 July paid.

SEEDS

London, July 25.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) £19 3/8 Aug/Sep sellers.
Steadily held very quiet. Indian poor request.
Linseed Bombay £22 1/2 Aug/Sep seminal.
Cottonseed Bombay £9 1/2 Aug/Sep sellers. Inactive—Held late rates.
Castorseed Bombay 22 3/4 Aug/Sep sellers. Quiet steadily held.
Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold per ton £21 5/8 July/Aug sellers.
Rapeseed, Toria per ton £21 3/4 Jul/Aug sellers.
Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat, per ton 23 3/8 July/Aug nominal.
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton 20 7/8 Jul/Aug nominal.
Tone of Rapeseed:—Continues slow.
Yellow Cawnpore £23 1/8 July/Aug nominal.

BARLEY

London, July 25.

Karachi Barley 40/6 July/Aug sellers.

LINSEED.

Londn, July 24.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags 21 7/16 Aug/Sept. sellers.
Tone:—Poor demand depressed by heavy shipments.
Raw Linseed oil Naked Spot Net months, 40/6 August sellers.
Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net buyers etc., 40 5/8 Sept/Oct Done and sellers.

RUBBER MARKET

London, July 24.

Market was erratic on influence of rumours of modifications of Stevenson Scheme and certain amount of press of Propaganda against the rise, together with release of uncouponed rupper, freedom of producers in meeting the 1926 delivery is still the feature of the market while sale of substantial proportions of 1925 crop will possible result in spot and near positions remaining at high premium for a considerable period. In the meantime, authoritative sources deprecate constant clamourings for a extra increases and point out the scheme is designed admirably and adapted to ensure adequate supplies. The present temporary squeze is the outcome of deliberate efforts of buyers to break up the scheme by forcing down the prices to an uneconomic level.

METALS

London, July 25.

English best Selected Copper £63 1/4.
Standard Copper 61 5/8.
Copper Braziers 80.
Yellow Metal 68 1/4.
Hard Spelter 30 7/8.
Corrugated Sheets 16 1/8.

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

Daily Quotations.

Bombay, July 25.

	Per lb.	Rs. a. p.
Kilachand	No. 14½	0 12 0
Kilachand	No. 20½	0 13 0
Currimbhai	No. 12½	0 11 9
Elphinstone	No. 12½	0 11 0
David	No. 10½	0 11 3
Shapurji	No. 10½	0 11 0
Trikamdas	No. 10½	0 11 6
Sattara	No. 12½	0 12 0
Shapurji	No. 6½	0 9 9
Light-house	No. 6½	0 9 6
Japan	No. 40-1	1 3 9
Japan	No. 42-2	1 4 9
Japan	No. 20	0 15 0
Japan	No. 32	1 1 6

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

CALCUTTA, July 24.

In the share market jutes opened with a better feeling in sympathy with hessians and Howrah and Clive improved on buying support from bazar operators. The tone on the whole was fully steady though not much business was concluded in hundred rupee stocks. In coals demand continued to be centred on few stocks which found no response from sellers at current quotations, Teas showed no alterations in absence of any enquiry. Miscellaneous call for no comment in dull and uninteresting market. Government securities were steady.

Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: 3½ per cent. Government paper 69-8, 6 per cent. bonds 1926 101-13, do 1927 102-7.

Cottons.—Kesoram 3-10.

Jutes:—Alliance 638-8, Barnagore 173-8, Birla 8-4, Budge Budge 458, Clive 42-15, Dalhousie 421-8, Empire 56-8, Fort William 404-8, Howrah 43-3, Hukumchand ord. 10-4, Kanknarrah 50-8, Lansdowne 318, Lothian 382, National 30-14, Naihati 510, Presidency 8-8, Union 618.

Coals:—Bhalgora 8-6, Bokaro and Ramgur 20-12, Burrakur 24-8, Engineering Steel Products 4-6.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Finance and Mining 4-2, Indian Wood Products 9.

Tea Companies.—New Purumbari 11-8, Tezpore 12-4.

Exchange Bank Telegraphic transfer was one shilling six and three thirty-second pence and demand bills were one shilling six and one eighth pence.—A. P.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, July 25.

	Rs. a.
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	69 8
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 1931-36	87 0
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47	95 15
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) 1933	100 0
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) 1945-55	99 15
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1925	103 4
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1928	105 11
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1926	101 11
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1927	102 7
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1930	104 6
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1931	104 14
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1932	105 7
6½ per cent. Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) 1935	102 6
4 per cent. Port Trust due 1974	76 8
4 per cent. Municipal due 1974	76 0
4 per cent. Improvement Trust due 1974	76 0
6 per cent. Municipal due 1929-49	100 4
6 per cent. Municipal due 1954	100 8

Market steady

STOCKS ETC.

London, July 25.

Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £88 3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent 91 3/4.
War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47 100 7/16.
Conversion Loan 76 3/4.
Indian Loan 5 1/2 per cent 101 1/2.
Indian Loan 7 per cent 105 1/2.
Consols 2 1/2 per cent 56 5/8.
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent 51 nominal.
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent (Sterling Loan) 67 1/4.
Govt. Securities 3 per cent 58 1/8.

The total approximate gross earnings of all State Railways from the 1st April to 11th July amounted to 27.44 crores, or one hundred and ten lakhs less than the figures for the corresponding period of last year.—A. P.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 25.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/6 1/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/6 1/16.
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/6 1/16.
Bank's selling D D 1/6 3/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 3/8.
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/8.
Bank's buying D D 1/6 5/32.
PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 745.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 810.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 795.
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 112¼.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 108½.
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 157½.
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 212½.
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 157½.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 273½.
CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dol. 4.85-1/2.
London—Paris Frcs. 102.85.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.00.
London—Brussels Frcs. 105.00.
London—Rome Liras 133.00.
London—Berlin Marks 20.40.
TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Steady market.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, July 25.

Three months 4-3/16 per cent.
Six months 4-7/16 per cent.
Bank of England rate 5 per cent.
Imperial Bank of India rate 4 per cent.

MONEY.

Call 2 per cent.
One month 1½ per cent.
Three months 1½ per cent.
Six months 3 per cent.
Tone of Money Market—Easy.

DISCOUNTS

London, July 24

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 4 3/6
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 4
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 5
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5
Rentes 5 per cent 15 3/8

London July 25

Tele. Transfers 1/6 1/8 steady.
Bar Gold 4.4.10 1/2 steady.
Bar Silver Spot 31 7/8 steady.

New York, July 24

Demand Bills 48506

London, July 24

Exchange on London in Paris 103.90
Exchange on London in Germany 20 3/4
Exchange on London in Italy 133.05

BULLION.

Bombay, July 25.

Sovereigns ready Rs. 13/6.
Sovereigns forward Rs. 13/6.
Bar gold ready Rs. 21/5/9.
Bar gold forward Rs. 21/4/9.
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 21/4/6.
Bar silver ready Rs. 72/3.
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 72/3.
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 72/1.

London, July 24.

Bar gold ready s. 84-10½.
Silver ready d. 32-0
Silver forward d. 32-1.
TONE OF SILVER—
Quiet and steady, India bought and China sold, China sold cash and bought forward, Market likely to move within narrow limit.

BULLION

London, July 24.

Bars, bought £114,000
Weekly Bullion Shipments £348.10.8

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES.

MIDDLE QUOTATIONS

Stokholm	18.08
Christiania	29.76
Amsterdam	12.09
Switzerland	25.00

London, July 25.

Warsaw 25.35
Exchange on London at Paris Frcs. 103.0
Rentes 3 per cent 46 1/4.
Bar Silver (Spot) 31 7/8.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 31 15/16.
Closing Tone of Silver:—
Fell absence of buyers—Closed quiet steady.
Interest day to day loans 3 1/2.
Interest 7 days market loans 3 1/4.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 5th March 1925.

London, July 24.

Rentes 3 per cent 46 1/4
Bar Silver (Spot) 32
Bar Silver 2 months hence 32 1/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Closed quiet.
Interest day to day loans 3 3/8
Interest 7 days market loans 3 1/4
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 5th March 1925

SHARES

Hongkong Bank £136.
Chartered Bank 19 1/2.
National Bank 46 1/2.
P. and O. Bank 10.
Eastern Bank 6 1/16.

FREIGHT OF COAL

Cardiff to Bombay 15 to 15/6.

WEEK-END CRICKET.

SATURDAY'S MATCHES.

B. B. C. I. RLY. AND HINDU GYM. DRAW.

SWAMI HITS HARD.

Cricket on the Kennedy Sea Face on Saturday was rather dull except for the meeting between the Hindu Gymkhana and the B. B. and C. I. Railway which ended in a draw. The Gymkhana were unable to secure the services of some of their best men who played for the railway and knocked up a good score. P. Vithal played an interesting inning of 73 including 10 fours. The railway who batted first had lost two wickets for 53 when Vithal joined Mahale. The former was dropped by Rana at 49. Seven Gymkhana bowlers failed to make any impression on either batsman and when 130 runs had been added Dongre held Vithal off Pupala, Mahale remaining unbeaten with 56 including 6 fours. Vithal's 73 included 10 fours. With the dismissal of Vithal the railwaymen declared their innings closed the score being 183 for 3 wickets.

The home team took their knock at about 5 p.m. and in 90 minutes collected 129 runs at the cost of 3 wickets Swami's hurricane scoring and over boundaries were a feature of the day's play. His 56 (not out) was made up of 3 singles, a couple, 5 sixes and 4 fours.

B. B. C. I. RAILWAY.

K. G. Pardeshi, st. b Gandhi 24; C. M. Rana b R. M. Gandhi, 13; H. Mahale not out 56; P. Vithal, c Dongre, b Pupala 73; K K Irani, B. E. Kapadia, J Havewalla, S. Godambe, J. Warden G. Richards, V Date did not bat. Extras 16. Total for 3 wickets 183

HINDU GYMKHANA

B D Jog st. b Warden 23; S S Dongre, c Rana, b Warden 28; B S Mazumdar, b Warden 8; K R Swami not out 53; D L Pupala not out 12; M B Rao(S Belsare, K Bhagwat, R Gandhi, K J Pathare, N. B Bhide, did not bat. Extras 5 Total for 3 wkts 129.

PARSI GYM BEAT KILLICK NIXON.

On their own ground the Parsi Gymkhana won by 7 wickets and 24 runs against the Killick Nixon's XI the scores being Killick Nixon XI 60, Parsi Gymkhana 84 for 3 wickets. For the home team Daruwalla took 5 wickets for 24 runs and Watcha 4 for 33.

KILLICK NIXON C. C.

Pilgaokar 2, Milne 0, D. K. Kapadia 0, Fosberry 18, Parkar 15, Fernandes 4, Vijayakar 6, Dhunjibhoy 10, Rodrigues 0, Aunesley 6, Fernandes 2, Extras 3. Total 60.

PARSI GYMKHANA.

S. Mehta 23, Umrigar 0, C Bulsara 35, H. Contractor (not out) 16, Engineer (not out) 8, Repodter, Mistry, Cooper, Daruwalla, R. Bulsara and Watcha did not bat. Extras 2. Total for 3 wickets 84.

ISLAM GYM. "B" WIN.

The meeting between the second strings of the Parsi and Islam Gymkhanas on the latter's ground ended in a win for the home team by 59 runs. The Parsis batting first scored 62 and the Muslims replied with 121 Abdulla (not out) and Jasdenwalla contributing 32 and 26 respectively. Gulamally bowled seven Parsi wickets for 19 runs.

PARSI GYMKHANA "B".

K Writer 13, J. Madon 9, J. Khan 0, Tarapore 2, J Mulla 4, Bhimdiwalla 10, Dr. Mody 2, F. Madon 1, Sethna 11, K Master 5, Mirza 2, extras 2. Total 62.

ISLAM GYMKHANA "B".

Natim 15, Shaikh 2, Syed 10, Kazi 6, Yusuf 1, Jasdenwalla 26, Haji Abdulla (not out) 32, Gulamali 12, A. Visram 0, Nanji 4, Shakoor 1, extras 12. Total 121.

WILSON COLLEGE BEAT MEDICALS.

The Grant Medical College lost by six runs against the Wilson College "A" on the Kennedy Sea face on Saturday afternoon the scores were Wilson College 75 Medicals 68. For the Medicals Joshi bowled 6 wickets for 28 runs.

Wilson College "A": Guzar 7, Cooper 14, Kharas 0, Dhabolkar 14, Wagle 3, Kene 4, Unwalla 16, Bose 1, Sethna 5, Desai 10, Dhumatkar 1, Total 75, Joshi 6 for 28.

Grant Medical College:—Patel 6, D. Avoine 0, Hoodbhoy 31, Mistry 0, Engineer 9, Nazarwalla 0, Joshi 8, Gandhi 5, Nanjani 0, Kotwal 9, Mazumdar 0, extra 10. Total 69.

OTHER MATCHES.

The following are the results of the other matches:—

Improvement Trust 62; Imperial Bank 55.

Grindlay's XI 106; Telephone C. C. 44.

Ralli Bros 162, Byculla Y.M.C.A. 33.

Volkart Bros 60; Wilson Latham 46.

"Times of India" 36; Rose C. C. 46.

W. H. Brady & Co. 47; Currimbhoy Ebrahim & Co. 86.

SUNDAY'S MATCHES.

HINDU GYM'S VICTORY.

JAI'S 118 NOT OUT.

Spectators had a feast of cricket on the Hindu Gymkhana where Jai and Vithal gave excellent batting performances, collecting no less than 200 runs between themselves against the Gowd Saraswat C. C. whom the Hindu Gymkhana beat by 161 runs. The home team batted first starting at 1-30 p.m. and Mazumdar and Pardeshi were dismissed for 22 runs. Jai joined Vithal at 2 p.m. and this combination completely out played the visiting bowlers five of whom failed to make any impression on either batsman. With perfect ease both men scored all round the wicket. Jai gave a chance at 33 and Vithal at 39 and the Saraswats were sore to have missed these prolific scorers. Two hours consistent batting took the total to 223 when Vithal who was within 11 runs of his century was dismissed. A little later L. P. Jai retired with 118 to his credit Vithal scored 12 fours and Jai 13.

The Hindu Gymkhana declared their innings closed at 253 for 5 wickets at 4 p.m.

The visitors had a bad time except for a short while when Dhumatkar and Pilkaogar did some scoring. The latter was playing a cautious game and his being run out was a misfortune. M. D. Pai remained not out with 21 but there was none to give him a stand Fifteen minutes' stay might have meant a draw.

HINDU GYMKHANA.

K. G. Pardeshi, b J Dhabolkar 12; B. S Mazumdar c and b Pilgaoker 6; L. P. Jai retired 118; P. Vithal c Telang, b Pilgaoker 89; H. A. Mahale run out 16; B D Jog not out 6; P. Shivram. C Chandarana, S N Belsare, R M Gandhi, M H Chandarana did not bat. Extras 6. Total for 5 wkts. 253.

Bowling:—J V Dabholkar 1 for 57. Pilgaoker 2 for 62.

GOWD SARASWAT C. C.

M V Dhumatkar b M H Chandarana 29; P. Sukhtankar, b M H Chandarana 1; J. D. Wagle, c Mazumdar b Belsare 6, S. Pilgaoker run out 19; A. Redkar b M H C Rana 0; D K Telang b Shivram 3; M D. Pai not out 21; J V Dabholkar lbw. Gandhi 9; V V Dabholkar c Pardeshi b Shivram 4; M Nadkarni v Jai, b M H. Rana 6; S S Wagle b Shivram 0; Extras 0. Total 92.

Bowling:—M H Chandarana 4 for 33; Shivram 3 for 28; Belsare 1 for 21, R. Gandhi 1 for 10.

A FORTUNATE DRAW.

The Islam Gymkhana on their own ground were rather fortunate in drawing with a wicket in hand. The visitors going in first, recorded 222 for 9 wickets. M. B. Rao contriebuting 99. The Gymkhana were not too well off with runs and Talpade was bowling well. Lakhani was not out with 52 and Barodawalla made 45 and these were the only significant figures on the home score board:

FRIENDS' UNION C. C.

M. B. Rao lbw. Akbar—99. S. S. Dongre c. Karim b Mahmood—0. K. Bhagwat run out—7. R. Nayak c B'walla b Mahmood—32. D. A. Shete c Shakoor b Mahomed—1. Godambe b Mahomed—45. V. Jayakar b Akbar—11. D. Talpade lbw. Mahmood—0. Gorakshkar not out—22. P. Velkar not out—3. P. Dalvi did not bat—0. Extras—2. Total for 9 wickets—222.

Bowling: Mahmood 5 for 95 ;Akbar 2 for 11.

ISLAM GYMKHANA

I. Shakoor b Talpade—7. S. Jamadar b Talpade—0. K. Contractor b Talpade—0. A. Peerbhoy b Shete—20. T. Barodawalla c Shete b Godambe—45. A. Razak b Talpade—5. M. Syed b Talpade—3. S. K. Mahmood b Talpade—0. G. M. Lakhani not out—52. P. B. Krjani lbw. Talpade—4. Sikandar Shah not out—5. Extras—4. Total for 9 wickets 152.

Bowling: Talpade 7 for 57.

PARSI GYM. BEAT ELPHINSTONE C. C

On Sunday the Parsi Gymkhana beat the Elphinstone C. C. by 25 runs. The visitors batted first and piled up 83, Kalapesi's deadly bowling dismissing 9 men for 41. The Gymkhana scored 108, Mehta and Umrigar being responsible for 32 and 29 respectively. Bhappu bowled nine Gymkhana wickets for 61 runs.

ELPHINSTONE C. C.

T. Elchidana c Dalal b Kalapesi—0. M. D. Banaji c Mehta b Kalapesi—1. F. D. Davar b Kalapesi—3. M. P. Pavri c Bulsara b Kalapesi—3. D. K. Kapadia b. Kalapesi—44. B. S. Bhappu c Daruwalla b Kalapesi—0. E. S. Mistry b Kalapesi—10. S. A. Daruwalla b Kalapesi—0. N. N. Contractor c Wadia b Kalapesi—10. M. V. Dodhi not out—7. H. E. Wadia c Dalal b Kalapesi—4. Extras—1. Total—83.

Bowling analysis: B. Kalapesi 9 for 41, Daruwalla 1 for 12.

PARSI GYMKHANA

M. P. Dalal c Wadia b Bhappu—9. F. D. Wadia b Bhappu—5. S. H. Mehta b Bhappu—32. K. P. Umrigar b Bhappu—29. F. E. Kapadia b Bhappu—0. C. B. Sethna c Dodhi—1. P. Daruwalla c Davar b Bappu—11. B. K. Kalapesi c Elchidana b Bhappu—4. Dr. Tate not out—5. R. H. Bulsara c Contractor b Bhappu—0. Bhiwandi Walla c Elchidana b Bhappu—8. Extras—4. Total—108.

Bowling analysis: Bhappu 9 for 61; Dodhi 1 for 12.

RALLI BROS. BEAT BOMBAY GYMKHANA, "B"

On Sunday The Bombay Gymkhana 'B' team played their first fixture match on their own ground against Ralli Brothers XI to whom they lost by 17 runs. For the Gymkhana Weir bowled 6 wickets for 36 and Kothare bowled an equal number for 46 for Ralli Brothers.

Bombay Gymkhana 'B': Andrews 2, Milne 5, Lucas 25, King 6, Mackinnon 11, Radcliffe 8, McLeod 9, Compton 1, Lloyd 23, Weir 27, Ingham 0, extras 4, total 121.

Ralli Bros: Dalvi 30, Gorakhskar 21, Erram 8, Dhandkar 2, Talpade 17, Rege 19, Ikrum 6, Sultan 26, Giet 5, Gabriel 1, Kothare 0, extra 3, total 138.

OTHER MATCHES

PRABHU JOLLY C. C. vs. PAREKH C. C.

The following are the results of the other important matches played on Sunday:—

Prabhu Jolly:—Sangit 1, Rane 10, Dhairywan 7, Dhurandhar 0, Jayakar 2, Talpade 0, Kothare 9, Nayak 2, Pradhan 9, G. Kothare 1, V. Jayakar 2, extras 1, total 44.

Parekh C. C.: Vania 2, Dalal 17, Kapadia 16, Doshi 0, Laphubhai 8, Shah 6, K. Parekh 13, M. Parekh 8, J. Kapadia 4, Dalal 6, V. Parekh 0, extras 7, total 87.

EASTERN TELEGRAPHS vs. MACKINNON MACKENZIE.

M. M. and Co.:—Rao 6, Wadia 9, Beale 6, Mobedjina 1, Soares 1, Petric 12, Ezekiel 51, Kodikal 1, Hill 4, Jayakar 2, Mistri 4, total 97.

E. T.:—Continho 50, Augustino 1, Gonsalves 2, D'Cruz 23, G. Fernandes 0, Extross 33, Rozario 19, White 2, Murray 0, A. Fernandes 1, Theonlo 0, extras 4, total 155.

NEW HINDU C. C. vs. BARONET C. C.

Baronet:—Kumana 4, Kheswalla 14, Irani 9, S. Nagporewalla 78 (not out) Havewalla 14, M. Nagporewalla 19, Sethna 10, Kapadia 29, Palkhiwalla 0, Jamshetji and Bulsara did not bat, extras 16, total 189.

New Hindu C. C.:—Silap (not out) 55, Wagle 18, Pathare 16, Shete (not out) 22, rest did not bat. extras 4. total for 2 wickets 115.

GOVT. TELEGRAPHS vs. I. L. I.

Instituto-Luso Indiano:—Dias 3, Pinto 36, Siqueira 44, J. D'Souza (not out) 53, T. D'Souza 13, P. Powell 1, rest did not bat, extras 4, total 154.

Government Telegraph:—Noutalegne 5, Snell 0, Page 11, Siqueira 0, Allan 0, Walker 0, D'Silva (not out) 22, Reade 8, Francis 7, Roche 0, Blofild 9, extras 16, total 78.

AUTOMOBILE GRAND PRIX RACE.

ITALIAN MOTORIST KILLED.

PARIS, July 26.

The Italian motorist Ascari, died to-day of injuries owing to the overturning of his car in the twentieth lap of the Automobile Grand Prix race at Mont Hlery, consisting of 80 circuits of "Autodrome", a distance of about 621 miles. Seagrave, the only British competitor, abandoned the race in the thirty-fourth circuit.—Reuter's Special.

SCOTTISH AMATEURE GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

London, July. 24.—At Muirfield in the Scottish Amateur Golf Championship final, T. Dobson (Dirleton Castle) beat Willis Mackenzie (holder) by three and two.

At Brighton in an international athletic match, France beat Great Britain by 59 points to 53.—Reuter's Special.

Dobson, who is twenty-two years of age, is a member of the Artisans Club. He is the first green-keeper to win the amateur golf championship. The green-keepers were formerly regarded as professionals until the rule was altered, few years ago. Mackenzie, the runner up, is an Edinburgh stockbroker and is a well-known international golfer.—Reuter's Special.

I. F. A. SHIELD TOURNAMENT.

CALCUTTA, July 25.

The following are the results of the matches played in the third round of I. F. A. Shield Tournament:—

2nd L. N. Royal Scots Fusiliers beat 2nd B. N. South Wales Borderers by two goals to nil.

14th Heavy Battery R. A. beat East Bengal by three goals to one—A. P.

HOCKEY IN MADRAS.

MADRAS, July 25.

In a replay of the Madras Hockey Tournament to-day the Madras Hockey Cricket Club (Cup-holders) beat the Madras Medical College by four goals to three thus qualifying for the semi-finals.—A. P.

CALCUTTA RACES.

CALCUTTA, July 25.

THE MAIDEN PLATE. Distance about 5 furlongs. For maiden horses in Class III and IV. W. A. and C with allowance.

Mr. Mackenzie's HARLEIAN 8-9 Bond 1
Mr. Dee's TIN WHISTLE, 8-5 Harrison 2
Lt.-Col. Condor's DAWN OF FREEDOM 7-11. Coover 3
Mr. Dee's ELUSIVE 8-9 Aldridge 4

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 20 Places Rs. 12 and Rs. 11

THE GRIFFIN PLATE (Div. II.) Distance about 5 furlongs. W. A. reduced 7lbs.

Mr. Hat's BOLD LASS BAD McQuade 1
Mr. Mackenzie's QUEEN'S DREAM 8-5, Bond 2
Mr. Gajadhar's GEORGES BAIRD 8-5, Northmore 3
Messrs. Taylor and Gilford's LADY BARBARA 8-5 Hutchins 4

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 103-8. Places Rs. 28-8, Rs. 19 and Rs. 17.

THE GRIFFIN PLATE. (Div I.) Distance about 5 furlongs.

Maj. Shorten and Mr. Johnstone's SEA CHARIOT 8-10 Harrison 1
Messrs. Gilford and McGee's CYMRI 8-5, Barnes 2
Mr. Ali's ANNOYANCE 8-5 Hoyt 3
Mr. Gregory's MORRISTOWN 8-5 Flynn 4

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 19-8. Places Rs. 12-8, Rs. 25 and Rs. 25.

THE BIBURY PLATE (Div. I.) Distance about 5 furlongs Handicap for horses in fourth Division.

Mr. Pogose's HAMILTON'S BAWN, 8-2, Northmore 1
Mr. Gubbay's LITTLE FRONT, 8-0 Hoyt 2
Mr. Chunder's LUANA 8-12 O'Brien ... 3
Mr. Galstaun's JABBSTRAW, 7-12 Bloss 4

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 56. Places Rs. 16-8, Rs. 17-8 and Rs. 12-8.

THE BIBURY PLATE (Div. II.) Distance about 5 furlongs.

Mr. Pogose's BETWIXT 8-10 Northmore 1
Mr. Gregson's POMPANO 9-1 O'Brien ... 2
Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad's WINNING WAY, 7-7 Edwards 3
Messrs. Sontar and Simpson's SEREMIS, 89 Hutchins 4

Totes paid:—Win Rs 32-8 Places Rs. 13-8 Rs. 21 and Rs. 13.

THE BIBURY PLATE (Div. III.) Distance about 5 furlongs.

Mr. Corrie's GONNE 8-10 Edwards 1
Mr. Mackenzie's GREE DAME 7-7 (car. 7-8) Bond 2
Mr. Scott's GOLDEN MEMORY 8-8 J. Harrison 3
Mr. Galstaun's BILLIE SHARP 8-4 Bloss 4

Tote paid:—Win Rs. 52 Places Rs. 19½ Rs. 19½ and Rs. 17.

THE BENGAL PLATE (Div. I.) Distance about 6 furlongs. For horses in Class III.

Mr. Galstaun's HECTOR'S PRIDE 7-8, Calder 1
Mr. Lander's ROYAL MARY 8-3 Hutchins 2
Mr. Mackenzie's TALINA 7-7 Bond 3
Mr. Pannick's HUNTING MORN, 8-13

Tote paid:—Win Rs. 67 Places Rs. 17, Rs. 14 and Rs. 29.

THE BENGAL PLATE. (Div. II.) Distance about 6 furlongs.

Mr. Tutwillers' ANZIO 9-0 Cooper 1
Mr. Galstaun's FLOMAR 8-6 Harrison ... 2
Capt. Robert's KIRUDANCE 7-8 Edwards 3
Mr. William's STAPLES 8-1 Walker ... 4

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 18-8. Places Rs. 13 and Rs. 37.

THE TRIAL HURDLE RACE. Distance 1½ miles Handicap Hurdle race for Horses.

Capt. Robert and Mr. Weber's PINSK 10-8 (car 10-12) Mr. Weber 1
Mr. Donettil's RED WINNERS 10-7. Bloss 2
Mr. Galstaun's HURDY GURDY 11-5, Capt Peterson 3
Mr. Bolton's SILENCE 10-9 Burnell ... 4

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 50-8. Places Rs 15-8. Rs. 14 and Rs. 32.—A.P.

ACCUSED IN BAWLA MURDER CASE.

PONDE GOES MAD.

We understand on reliable authority that P. Ponde, one of the accused in Bawla murder case who was sentenced to death by Hon. Mr. Justice Crump in May last has gone mad and is removed to Yerawda Lunatic Asylum.

LORD READING AT MARSEILLES.

MARSEILLE.

Lord and Lady Reading arrived to-day and will embark on, s.s. "Mooltan" this evening.—Reuter.

RECEPTION ARRANGEMENTS IN INDIA.

SIMLA, July 24.

His Excellency Earl of Reading is expected to arrive at Aden on the 1st August and at Bombay on the 5th August to resume the office of the Viceroy and Governor-General. The Resident at Aden will receive Lord Reading with all due honours and dinstinctions. The Governor of Bombay will make arrangements in consultation with the Naval and Military Authorities for landing and reception of Lord Reading at Bombay.—A. P.

Official and Personal.

The Governor of Bombay attended a special cinema performance at the West End Cinema Poona in aid of the Leprosy Fund on Saturday.

Mr. V. A. Grantham, Mr. N. N. Wadia Lt: Colonel J. C. Hooper, Captain N. M. Hughes Hallett and Mr. J. M. Smith dined at Government House Ganeshkhind on Friday.

His Excellency Sir Henry Wheeler, accompanied by Captain G E R Edgcome, arrived in Bombay by the s.s. Chitral on Friday and proceeded direct to Ranchi where, on arrival, on Sunday, His Excellency took over charge from Sir Hugh McPherson as Governor of Bihar and Orissa.

SHOCKING MOTOR ACCIDENT AT BANDRA.

ONE INDIAN KILLED.

TWO EUROPEANS INJURED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANDRA, July 25.

On Saturday last a shocking motor accident of a rather extraordinary nature occurred on the Khar Road at Bandra when a middle-aged Purdesi was killed and two Europeans injured, namely, Mr. Hugh Green, son of Mr. Green of the B. B. and C. I. Railway residing at Santa Cruz, and Mr. Chambers.

It appears that at about 10 a.m. on the day of the accident, Mr. Green was riding a motor cycle (Solo Matchless) with a friend Mr. Chambers, who was on the carrier. They were proceeding in the direction of Bombay from Santa Cruz, at a speed it is alleged, of between 25 and 30 miles an hour, with a result that outside, the Khar Bazaar, the cycle collided heavily with Bhaia who was fearfully mangled, and the machine then overturned pinning the two riders beneath it, who were dragged along the road to a distance of about 60ft. It is said that even after they were picked up, in a most pitiable condition, the machine was still in motion.

Mr. Leverett, the District Superintendent of Police, with Inspector Ring on receipt of information were within twenty minutes of the accident on the scene.

The Bhaia was removed to the Bandra Hospital, where he died shortly after admission. The two Europeans also were taken in a passing private motor car to the same hospital, the owner of the car, an Indian gentleman, readily placing the same at the disposal of the Police.

Mr Green's injuries are serious, his face being badly bruised, while Mr. Chambers who clung to his comrade by the waist as they were being dragged along by the overturned cycle escaped with minor injuries. However, it is considered miraculous that the two should now be out of danger, although they are in close attendance by some doctors at their own residence.

Capt. DeSilva who made a *post mortem* examination recorded that the Bhaia's death was due to his skull being crushed, and to other multiple injuries, his right arm being fractured in four places.

Within five minutes of the accident there was a huge crowd assembled around the injured men, who were protected by the Police officers.

WIDOWS' EMANCIPATION.

ISHWARCHANDRA ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION.

The anniversary of (1) the passing of the Widow Re-marriage Act and (2) the death of the two pioneer reformers, Ishwarchandra Vidyasagar and Kursandas Mulji, was celebrated on Saturday by holding a public meeting at the Prarthana Samaj Hall, Mr. B. N. Motiwala presiding, under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association. Rao Bahadur D. G. Padhye, Mr. G. B. Trivedi, Mr. L. R. Tairsee, Mr. B. G. Kher, Mrs Shantabai Ranade and Dr. Kaliandas J. Desai took part in the proceedings, a fuller report of which will aeppear in a subsequent issue of "The Chronicle."

ALLEGED THEFT OF GIRL'S ORNAMENTS.

Sub-Inspector Salekar put up Nagu Babaji before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, Third Presidency Magistrate, and applied for remaned.

On the 8th instant, Radhabai Narsi lodged a compaint at the Phalton Road Police Station that her daughter aged 5 years was kidnapped. The following day the daughter was traced but her ornaments valued at Rs. 5 were missing. Some days later the girl pointed out the accused as the person who took away her ornaments. As the ornaments, were not yet recovered, Mr. Salekar applied for remand which was granted.

DISHONEST CARRIER SENTENCED.

Sub-Inspector Savant put up Rao Vithu and Dyanu Ganu before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, Third Presidency Magistrate on charge of criminal breach of trust as a carrier in respect of 5 bales of cloth valued at Rs. 2872.

Mr. H. B. Spencer prosecuted while accused No. 1 was undefended. Accused No. was defended by Mr. Babrekar, pleader.

The evidence showed that the accused who was a carriwan No. 3065 was entrusted with 5 bales of cloth by Chimanlal Chaganlal on May 31 to be carried to the Wari Bundar. Subsequently it was found that the bales never reached their destination and a complaint was lodged with the police. In the meanwhile. accused No. 1 absconded from Bombay and was traced to his native place. When he was brought down to Bombay, he made a statement to the police on the strength of which the accused No. 2 was arrested: Property of the value 2,400 was recovered from one Yusuf and three other persons.

Accused No. 1 pleaded guilty while accused No 2 pleaded not guilty Mr. Babrekar who defended the second accused said that his client knew nothing of the affair and that nothing was recovered from his house.

Accused No 2 was discharged while accused No 1 was sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

THURSDAY, July 30.

University Senate Meeting, Sir C. J. Hall, 5-45 p.m.

THURSDAY, July 30th.

Concert in aid of Youth Week Celebrations. Excelsior Theatre. Mr. J. B. Petit presiding, 6 p.m. (S. T.).

SATURDAY, August 1.

Banks closed: Ashura (Muharram).

The s. s. China with the English mail leaves at 1 p.m.

THE NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE.—The Trustees of the N. M. Wadia Charities have subscribed Rs. 2,500/- to the Fund of the above Collego.

SHRI MAHAVIRA JAINA VIDYALAYA.—The opening ceremony of the New Building of this Institution will be held at Gowalia Tank Road to-day at 8 a.m.

This Institution provides all possible facilities to the Jain students and the new premises, erected at the expense of about 2 lacs of rupees will accommodate about 100 students.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—Applicants are informed that as a sufficient number of candidates have expressed their willingness to join the Class, the course will commence to-day (Monday) at 5-45 p.m. at the Sanitary Institute, Princess Street, when all those who have submitted their names to the Hon. Secretary are requested to be present.

"Youth Movement".—Under the auspices of the Bombay Youth Week Celebration Committee the Rev. Father J. Duhr, Principal of the St. Xavier's College, will address those who are interested in the Youth Movement to-morrow (Tuesday) at 1-45 p.m. (S. T.) at the St. Xavier College Hall.

A CHARITY CONCERT.—Under the auspices of the Bombay Youth Week Celebration Committee a charity concert will be given on Thursday afternoon some of the chief items being: (1) Orchestra, (2) Piano Solo, (3) Romeo Juliet, (By Wilsonians). (4) Hindustani Song, (5) Hornpipe Dana (By 8th Bombay Scouts). (6) English Song, (7) Violin, (8) Elphinstonians to give one piece.

DEPOSTEE CAUGHT RED-HANDED.

SMART POLICE DETECTION LEADS TO CONVICTION.

Sharp detection on the part of police constables Nos. 1212B and 1618B on patrol duty was responsible for bringing Shivdas Kannyalal an old offender to book for the theft of khadi cloth valued at Rs. 816 belonging to the Gujarat Prantik Samiti Bhandar.

Placed before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, Third Presidency Magistrate, on a charge of house breaking and theft, the accused pleaded guilty. In view of the accused's nine previous convictions the Magistrate sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. H. B. Spencer, who conducted the prosecution said that on July 20 at about 5-15 a.m. the policemen Nos. 1212B and 1618B while on patrol duty on Dadysett Agiary Road, saw the accused in a hack victoria with a bundle of clothes the police man No. 1212B on suspicion stopped the carriage and asked the accused who he was and what he was carrying. The accused said that he was carrying. The accused said that he was hawker in clothes and was taking away clothes from a washing company. When the bundle was opened the policeman found pieces of khadi cloth with tickets indicating the price of the cloth and the name of the shop. The policemen became suspicious and marched the accused to the police station. The victoriawalla pointed out the place from which the cloth was taken. which turned out to be the godown of the Gujarat Prantik Samiti Bhardar. On the accused's person being searched a railway pass, a bunch of keys which he opened the lock of the godown and a post office saving bank book. When the house of the accused at Malad was searched 23 pieces of khadi were recovered while 28 pieces more were recovered from the hut of Jumal Hussein Safat, a little further from the accused's house.

The accused was further charged with coming to Bombay without the permission of the Police Commissioner though he was deported. The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment.

CABLE ITEMS.

Ex-Indian Army officer, Lt.-Col. Hugh Stephenson Turnbill, Chief Constable of Cumberland and Westmoreland has been elected new Commissioner of the City of London Police.—Reuter

Melbourne, July 25.—The English Association Football team beat Australia by two goals to nil.—Reuter.

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"Bombay Chronicle":—"Mr. Jaykar. . . . described the latter (Davar's College) as the land mark in the progress of the Country The tribute high as it is, is fully deserved. It is surprising however, that the University has not yet thought fit to affiliate this College."

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The Bombay Chronicle.

MONDAY, JULY 27, 1925.

AN APPEAL TO THE MILL-OWNERS.

The mill-owners of Bombay are meeting to-day to consider the possibility of reducing wages to afford some relief to the industry, while it is passing through one of the worst depressions known to its history. We have already pointed out the many and severe handicaps under which our premier industry has to labour, thanks largely to the fatal policy of the present Government of India, inspired and dominated by such opinionated experts (?) as Sir Basil Blackett. That gentleman is, indeed, always ready with his claptrap about budget equillibrium, whenever he wants to defend an inequity like the Cotton Excise; and we, for our part, despair of reasoning with such a beau ideal of *prigocracy* as the present Finance Member. We know he is determined to maintain his fetish of the Cotton Excise in the vain defence of an imaginary or hypothetical deficit, which is the present euphemism for British prestige and British industrial supremacy. One little gesture of sympathy and support from such quarters would be worth to the mill-industry more than a direct subsidy of fifty lakhs At one stroke, it would prevent wage cuts, avoid discontent, and save us from a competition which is sucking dry the vitals of our natoinal prosperity. The dropping of the indefensible Cotton Excise Duty of 3½ per cent. will alone help the mills in this city to the extent of 130 lakhs on the 1923-24 scale of production; and the proposed wage reduction will hardly save more than 30 lakhs on the same basis. But the sense of desperation which has for the moment overwhelmed the conductors of the industry has made them extraordinarily nervous, and has disposed them to give a hearing to the most fatal steps if only they promise a relief of some sort in this their hour of acute trial and suffering. What an opportunity to earn undying gratitude,—and gratitude in Bombay is not synonymous with hot air, as the Government's own experience in the last War must have shown, and as Sir Fazulbhoy took the liberty to remind Sir Basil in the latter's interview with the Indian Merchants! But we despair of the Government of which the latter is a member ever rising to such heights of statesmanship; and hence we are particularly anxious that at this crucial moment for the prosperity of our premier industry, and through it of our entire country, no counsels be listened to except those in the best and the truest interests, not only and exclusively of Labour, or of Capital, but of the Industry as a whole. For we consider the Industry to be more precious than either section or the parties directly and immediately interested in its prosperity.

But while we can understand and appreciate the anxiety of the mill-owners; while we can sympathise with their nervousness, we would make a most earnest appeal to them to reflect—long and seriously,—before they resolve on the fatal step of a wage-cut. As we have said already, we prize more the prosperity of the industry as a whole than the interests of any particular class involved in it; and so we would willingly, even though regretfully, support a policy of wage-cuts, could we but be convinced that there was no alternative. But as we have shown on other occasions, there are plenty of directions in which the mill-owners can insist upon the inequitable handicaps now imposed upon them being removed; and so guaranteeing the industry a measure of prosperity which would suffice to carry it through the period of depression. We have shown the Cotton Excise Duty if remitted, as it should be in response to every claim of justice and propriety not to mention economics and policy, will help the Bombay mills to the extent of 130 lakhs—at least four times the benefit expected to accrue from this suicidal policy of wage-cuts. Why should not the mill-owners insist upon this original injustice being repealed? Why do they not combine to warn the Government of the utter unwisdom of a policy of wage-reduction at this juncture of acute depression all over the field of industrial employment? Their warning, we can assure them, will lack neither point nor strength, if the mill-owners will tell the Government of their firm resolve to embark on a policy of Direct Action, and support with every ounce of their collective energy a policy of determined boycott of foreign cloth which is the country is ready to embark on, if only the leaders can be sure of the whole-hearted support of the mill-owners free from the tinge of greed and cupidity which has more than once before marred the plans of national advancement. There is, next, the mischievous policy of manipulated Exchange which is manipulated at present under the expert guidance of Sir Basil Blackett in the interests of the foreign importer, and which, therefore, results in a secret subsidy of 12½ per cent. or more to the foreign competitor of the Indian producer in India. Why should not the mill-owners combine to demand the immediate rectification of our currency system, so as to establish an automatic exchange regulation free from the taint of manipulation now conducted under the inspiration of the unparalleled genius of our present Finance Minister. While Exchange is thus manipulated, the old cognomen of the Cotton Excise as a countervailing duty is no longer true; for if we really desire to counterpoise the advantage the foreign importer in India obtains under the Exchange manipulations of Sir Basil Blackett, we would have to impose,—not an Excise Duty on India production,—but rather an import duty of varying dimensions on the non-Indian goods allowed in the Indian markets. And in this we say not a word regarding the foreign competition, such as that of the Japanese goods produced under a frank defiance of every canon of international obligations, every dictate of commercial equity, every requirement of national integrity. If that competition is stopped or even reduced by an orientation in our national fiscal policy the mill products will obtain a further market of from ten crores to eighty crores. Why do they not press for this?

But while we must and do condemn the Excise Duty; while we must and do pronounce against unrestricted foreign competition; while we must and do advise the mill-owners to leave no stone unturned in their struggle against these their most inequitous handicaps; we must tell them quite frankly that the endeavour to penalise Indian workers because they are helpless before the injustices of the Indian Government will not answer the purpose. The textile industry,—the one considerable alternative to the universal occupation of agriculture in this country,—will never be placed on a sound footing if its hereditary captains and salaried conductors, instead of recognising the real handicap and fighting against it, only resort to the cowards' weapon of kicking those who are powerless to kick back. Their real fight ought to be with the Government of India, whos policy is frankly cynical and freely hostile to the interests of Indian industry, under the fanatical inspiration of their leading lights Lord Reading and Sir Basil. They,—the mill-owners,—ought to combine to teach these self-styled servants of India the real interests of the country, its Capital and Labour, and if they, the Government, refuse to see reason; if they, the Government, decline to respond to the true interests of India and to institute a policy of effective protection of the local industry against the insidious attacks of an immoral competition, why, then, they must join the movement for the boycott of foreign cloth which is even now in the air, and which will attain phenomenal success, if only the mill-owners themselves join hands with the leaders of the people; if they forget the greed imbedded inextricably in the blood of the capitalist, and agree not to make an opportunity for their own enrichment out of the moment of the country's trial and suffering We would have, for our part, no hesitation in advising a definite policy of active Swadeshism consisting in an avowed refusal to use any foreign cloth, if only we could be certain the greed of the mill-owners will not come in the way and guillotine an industry and a national programme simply and solely because the speculative tendencies of modern capitalism are impossible to restrain.

As we have pointed out on previous occasions there is room enough, in the internal management of the industry, such as the improvement in the sales agency, or the abolition or minimising of the brokers' commissions, to make such economies as would compensate for the losses now said to be incurred by the conductors of the mills and render unnecessary wage-cuts at the present critical moment. In the present discussion, however, we do not see any reason to introduce such a complication, except to emphasise the unwisdom of beginning with wage-cuts and building up an unforgettable and an unforgivable heritage of distruct and suspicion, while there is still great room for internal economies that will not effect either the Capital or the Labour interests of the industry. But because there is room for such improvements, it does not make it the less a duty of the Government of India to abandon a policy of studied even though concealed antagonism to the Indian industrial ambitions under the fatal free-trading fanaticism of Sir Basil and his chief, the ex-Lord Justice of England, whose vaunted ambition to do justice to India has up to now only crystallised in doubling the Salt Tax at a stroke for one year, and flouting the wishes of the Indian legislature in this matter of the Lee Loot and the Excise imbroglio. We would not abate by an iota,—we would not advise the mill-owners or the country at large to abate by an inch—our national demand to abolish the Excise Duty, to right the Exchange wrong, to stop the unfair foreign competitions what time within the industry itself we advise investigation for further economies. An impartial committee of investigation into the internal management of that industry to search out all possible directions for economy and improvements, if instituted by the industry itself of its own accord, will avoid the repetition of the Atlay Committee precedent forced upon the Bombay Share Bazaar by the autocratic Sir George Lloyd; and so neutralise the flank attack, which is being prepared for all we know, against the still surviving remnants of this great Indian industry in quarters where it seems to have become a mania how most effectually to root out the industrial possibilities of this country by every means that they can think of and apply.

TO DESHBANDHU'S EMMORY.

It was said of Lassalle that he died of too much will. Deshbandhu Das perished of the same disease. It was the instinctive will of the patriot battling for the freedom of his motherland that hastened his premature and sudden demise In our pathetic endeavour to keep his memory alive and to embody the lesson of his life in some permanent form we are erecting memorials. Bengal is seeking to build up an institution for promoting public health: a tribute to the civic patriotism of the Deshbandhu no less than a translation into practice of his eager aspirations for medical relief and women's education. But Das was not merely a Bengalee leader: he was an All-India figure in a sense in which few men have been in our days. If civic health was one of the primary concerns of the late Mayor of Calcutta, the rejuvenation of rural life was an accepted ideal of the intellectual visionary who dominated the nation's Congress. To the outraged bureaucracy and the interested or superficial observer, he appeared as a destroyer, but it was not the work of destruction that made him so pre-eminent. We live, a subject-nation, in a time when the best energies of our noblest men are exhausted in the mere task of combating vested interests and destroying in painful persistence their handiwork fashioned for their own purposes. It is no easy task to destroy evil and two generations of Indian politicians have not succeeded in ending alien domination. Das realised that, in such a background, destruction and construction are two aspects of a single and continuous process like the killing of a germ for the restoration of health. "Talking of constructive work", he once said, "what constructive work can you possibly do in this country? Your villages are in the hands of local boards and the bureaucracy is behind them. You must no doubt do constructive work, but you must also realise that construction will not be done perfectly before you capture the bureaucratic machinery." Even in destroying, therefore, Das created since all great works have grown out of destruction. Now smashing and then fashioning, with what unusual resolution and untiring vigour as orator, agitator, journalist, creator of a party and a Council leader, a civic father did he not bring his people to the culmination of his political triumph only a couple of days before he passed away!

But while few could have destroyed as effectively and speedily as he did, he was not spared to build on the foundations he laid. Without his unique talents now it is for us to supply the creative energy which will turn a tumult into an act of construction. Das, like Gandhiji, held that to every nation belongs its own instrument. To the alien rulers, the centralised bureaucracy: to the Indian nationalists, village autonomy based on its natural occupation. The problem is one of power; and in order to win and wield power, you should organise it where it grows. The economic power in India which is the pivot of the political State grows in the villages. Organise them there and use the organisations so created not only as the instrument for ending the present bureaucratic system but also as the basis of the national polity. In his address at the Gaya Congress, the Deshbandhu sketched his plan of national governance founded on rural centres revivified by national freedom. A year ago at the Serajgunj Conference, he outlined a scheme of resuscitating the villages through relentless endeavour and he repeated the prescription only a few months ago at Faridpur. It is a fitting memorial, therefore, that Gandhiji, Pandit Motilal and others have appealed to the nation to erect in the shape of a comprehensive scheme of rural reconstruction based on the rural economy of the spinning-wheel and khaddar. In the early months of the Non-Co-operation movement, it will be remembered, the Deshbandhu was the enthusiastic supporter of the Bezwada programme in whose formation, indeed, he had a large share. The message of the Charkha he called a symbol of liberty and Swaraj; for recollecting Lord Curzon's famous aphorism that administration and exploitation go hand in hand he thought that Manchester was only another manifestation of the bureaucracy. But he regarded khaddar work not as a market matter of standardised production and competitive sale but a co-operative service which would be the means at once of stimulating rural consciousness and making the villages self-contained, self-reliant and independent entities. We trust the task of rural regeneration will have an appeal compelling even to the cynics who ridicule the charkha: not even Mr. Sastri who disdains to discard foreign cloth can help being moved by so fundamental a need. But the call to it is no mere monument we erect to the memory of the departed leader: it is our humble performance of national *shraddha*. For the Deshbandhu's sacrifices and sufferings are an inspiration enshrined in grateful hearts and needing no concrete memorials—

> Depositories more faithful and more kind
> Than fondest epitaphs; for, if those fail,
> What boots the sculptured tomb?

Notes of the Day.

Bombay Council and Corporation.

Super-sensitive members of the Legislative Council have, we are told, been disturbed over our quotation of Rosseau's maxim last Friday that men treated as dogs are apt to behave like dogs. We regret that our remarks should have caused a misconception in the minds of some of the Indian members who voted against Mr. Nariman's amendment; for, we need hardly add, we had no desire to offend their dignity The mention of the canine species was not meant to offend anybody, although a few members, especially Mussulman members, who voted against the popular wish are said to have discovered some reproach in the sporting comparison. It is a pity they do not consider the failure of their own conduct in opposing a democratic measure. Islam is the essence of democracy, but a gay allusion is, it seems, sufficient to agitate them. Those who look behind the pretext will do well to scan the division-list in which the Muslim members particularly have given inglorious support to Government. We did not mean any offence, and the main indictment stands in spite of terminological grievances. The issue raised by Mr. Nariman does not affect Bombay alone. It affects the growth of genuine local self-government throughout the Presidency and we trust the electors will see that at the next elections their votes are not wasted on those who have betrayed a vital popular cause.

Sastri vs. Baldwin.

The present Prime Minister of England is an ardent supporter of Swadeshi. Mr. Srinivasa Sastri who in reply to our query about his preference for Swadeshi cloth, cries out "No, No" will, we hope, be impressed by Mr. Baldwin's declaration. Speaking on 29th June, Mr. Baldwin made this pathetic appeal:—

> There is one way in which members of this House and the people of this country can directly help, and that is to make a firm determination, wherever they are, so far as is practicable, to insist upon buying British goods.

"Buy British goods" is the slogan in Britain and in order to advance the cause, they have under influential auspices started a new League whose members are pledged to enquire during the course of every purchase whether the goods offered were genuinely British. The boycott of non-British goods relies on the drive of public enthusiasm and public enthusiasm is enlivened by propaganda. Mr. Baldwin has taken the lead, and there are no bureaucrats in England to dilate on the perils to public safety or racial harmony. Swadeshi in India means that we should as far as possible insist on buying Indian goods, and for a weak and over-exploited country like India the protection derived from voluntary boycott is more important than is the case with England. Statesmen, admirals and soldiers are in the League blessed by the Prime Minister, but in India a corresponding movement will, if successful, be quashed by repressive action and the prostitution of law and order. The advice of Mr. Baldwin, nevertheless, holds good when the question of boycott in India, which Government are by their own policy forcing on our attention, is discussed by Indians. To adapt Mr. Baldwin's words: "There is one way in which the people of this country can directly help and that is to make a firm determination, wherever they are, so far as is practicable, to insist on buying India goods." In Mr. Sastri's hollow accents we hear "No, No."

Another Silly Flourish.

We have nothing but admiration for the skill with which the Department of Public Instruction continues to advertise the incompetence of its officials, the helplessness of the Minister and the Government supposed to guide their activities T Minister, it should be remembered announced, during the March sessions the Council, that in view of the opinion "Indian experts whose opinion, after must prevail when the question of Indian education was concerned," he was willing to reconsider the whole question of the abolition of freehand The assurance was pronounced with a flourish. But it seems was not of a pattern that could be approved of by the Departmental deities. They have therefore, invented a hoax congenial to the stagnating atmosphere of the Department Government have been moved to appoint committee to "discuss and advise" on question of freehand. The Committee consists of three gentlemen and Mr. Desai is offered the bait as Chairman Of the three who thus suddenly find themselves famous, two are Inspectors employed under the Department. Both of them have been innocent of any intelligent grasp of insight into artistic coditions in India. The third figure of the trinity, a portrait painter, has, no doubt, expressed his opinion in favour of the retention of freehand at a meeting of the Art Society of India. But his claims as an "expert" on Indian arts unknown outside official circles. The Department is, in brief, asked to adjudicate on the Department's blunder. The accused is to be the judge. The procedure is unnecessary and preposterous. If Mr. Jayakar cannot hit upon a better idea for the employment of superfluous officers in the Department than their appointment in equally superfluous committees sitting judgment on their own blunders he had better cease offering apologies for his helplessness. If he really respected instructed Indian opinion, as he professed to do during the last sessions, he ought to have withdrawn the resolution on the abolition of freehand immediately after his public assurance. Indian opinion has been expressed all along. There was not the least excuse for the petty-fogging committee. The convenient camouflage offered to the Department is not likely to be misunderstood as tribute to public opinion.

GERMANY AND LEAGUE.

MR. BALDWIN'S PLEA FOR ENTRY.

SOLUTION OF BRITAIN'S INDUSTRIAL CONFLICTS.

LONDON, July 25.

Mr. Baldwin addressed, to-day, Unionists at Lord Derby's residence at Knowsley Park. He said the most satisfactory feature of the foreign outlook was the evident desire of Germany to continue negotiations both with Britain and France. He wished that Germany should enter the League of Nations as soon as possible when the existing problems, notably disarmament, would assume a new and better aspect.

Continuing, Mr. Baldwin declared the chief factor checking the growth of Britain's overseas trade was the great increase of productive and distributive costs. "We are threatened with a conflict between coal-owners and miners, each with a very strong case. But all the time the financial position of the industry is worsening, and these conflicts must be lifted to a new plane by both masters and men." Mr. Baldwin finally hoped that negotiations which were about to be resumed would result in carrying the harassed industry over a year or two till it was more easy to negotiate permanent settlements.—Reuter.

GERMAN REPLY.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S DISAPPOINTMENT.

LONDON, July 25.

British interest in a settled Continental situation was emphasised by Mr. Chamberlain at Birmingham. The Foreign Secretary expressed a little disappointment at the character of the German reply with regard to the mutual pact as it would involve a continuance of written communications instead of a personal conference to hammer out an agreement. Nevertheless, he recognised the German desire to advance their own proposals. He was hopeful of a settlement of the question which would remove the sense of fear of a renewed peril and afford a sensible relief throughout the world. He said it must not be supposed that we had no interest in the relations of our neighbours in their security or in the peace of Europe. Some people objected to our giving any form of guarantee to the existing Franco-Belgian and German boundaries, but the sanctity of those frontiers was the ground-work of our own protection. We had it in our power, by associating ourselves as guarantors of that peaceful settlement, to give a measure of confidence to France, Belgium and Germany which they would never find in any instrument to which we were not parties.—Reuter.

PROF. GANGULEE.

LONDON UNIVERSITY CONFERS PH. D.

LONDON, July 25.

The University of London has conferred the degree of Doctor of Philosophy on Professor Gangulee for the thesis "Studies on Organism forming Nodules on Roots of Leguminous Plants."—Reuter.

MOSUL BOUNDARY COMMISSION.

REPORT TO BE PUBLISHED SHORTLY.

GENEVA, July 25.

The report of the Mosul Boundary Commission will be published in a few days. Greatest secrecy is being observed as regards its contents, but it is understood that the Commission has not defined the boundary but apparently left it to the decision of the League Council.—Reuter.

MAHARAJA OF KAPURTHALA.

LONDON, July 25.

The Maharaja of Kapurthala has sailed from Bordeaux on a two and a half months' tour in Brazil, Argentine, Chili, Uruguay, Cuba and United States. He will return to Europe through the Panama Canal, and will proceed to India early in November.—Reuter.

BURMESE LEADER UNDER CHARGE OF SEDITION.

RANGOON, July 24.

The case against, Mr. U. Chit Hlaing under a charge of sedition has commenced before the District Magistrate of Hanthawaddy. U. Chit Hlaing, barrister and leader of one section of the Council Boycott Party was arrested at Amherst and released on bail on a charge with respect to a speech delivered at Kungyangon on 17th May where he, in the course of a speech, dwelt on capitation tax and severely criticised Government officials. The complainant Mr. A. W. Barretto, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, the first witness examined, stated he was not present at the meeting but he received the report of the speech ten days later. The evidence of the Burmese shorthand writer who reported the speech was then recorded. The case is proceeding.—A. P.

TROUBLE AT MOHAMMERAH

ARABS' SUDDEN ATTACK

PERSIAN TROOPS REPEL INSURGENTS.

TEHERAN, July 25.

The following telegram has been received from Sir Arnold Wilson at Mohammerah:—Some 400 Arabs suddenly attacked Mohammerah town last night. They were repelled by Persian troops who fought admirably, but they succeeded in looting the bazaar. Many casualties occurred on both sides. Two Indian clerks were wounded, but no other British subjects were hurt. No damage was done to British property by the insurgents. All is quiet at Abadan and Ahwaz and the Anglo-Persian Oil Company's interests are entirely unaffected. H. M. S. the "Triad" arrived from Baarah within four hours of the outbreak of trouble.—Reuter.

TEHRAN EXECUTIONS.

TEHERAN, July 26.

Sardar Moazzes Bujnurdi, his two brothers and four other notables of Bujnurd who took part in the recent Turcoman insurrection have been hanged.—Reuter.

MOROCCO FIGHTING.

FRANCO-SPANISH AGREEMENT.

LONDON, July 26.

Madrid.—The Franco-Spanish Conference has concluded with a signature of agreement with regard to Morocco including a declaration that France and Spain will not make peace separately.

The Note explaining the achievements of the Conference says agreements have been reached on questions of contraband, the delimitation of the French and the Spanish zones of influence and political collaboration.—Reuter.

The Franco-Spanish Conference has also agreed to the reciprocal and provisional rights of pursuit in and flight over both the French and Spanish zones.—Reuter.

OPERATIONS ON LARGE SCALE.

LANDING AT AJDIR TO BE ATTEMPTED

PARIS, July 26.

Le "Matin's" Madrid correspondent says it is reliably learned that operations on a large scale will be undertaken in the Spanish zone in Morocco immediately after the return of Sgr. Prime de Rivera to Tetuan. After an intensive bombardment, landing will be attempted at Ajdir. Several columns will be assembled in the upper valley of Wadkert in order to invade the territory of Gueznay's tribe and take Riff, Harka, operating in the Wergha valley in the rear.—Reuter.

PRESSURE ON FEZ AND TAZA RELEIVED.

PLANS FOR MAIN OFFENSIVE.

PARIS, July 25.

The French attacks in the centre of the front and in the east are regarded as having effectively relieved the pressure on Fez and Taza. The beleaguered force in the latter area have been relieved. Plans for the main offensive are at present being prepared by Marshal Petain and Generals Lyautey and Naulin. The delay in launching the offensive is due to the fact that reinforcements are expected, as also to the French policy of offering peace terms subject to time-limit.—Reuter.

FRENCH ADVANCE.

PARIS, July [illegible]

A message from Fez says.—The French [illegible] advanced along [illegible] banks of the Wergha despite the resistance of the enemy who were driven back losing many as prisoners. This successful action has cleared the broad [illegible] of 75 5 kilometres north of Fez and has greatly impressed the natives.—Reuter.

"ABDUL KRIM LOSING GROUND?"

LONDON, July 24.

The situation in Morocco can be summed up as follows: Abdul Krim is losing ground from the military and political standpoint.

The "Temps" says the Riffian withdrawal to the north of the Wergha indicates that Abdul Krim is anxious to avoid battle, rendered imminent by the arrival French reinforcements. He knows the difficulties of a French pursuit into the mountains, and thus hopes to gain time to open negotiations.—Reuter.

£145,000 FOR SARGENT'S PICTURES.

LONDON, July 24.

£145,000, was realised at first day's sale of John Sargent's pictures at Christie's. This is a record for the sale of one man's pictures. Collectors were present from all over the world including many Americans, 7,000 guineas was paid for "Sanvigilis, a boat with a golden sail."—Reuter's Special.

THE SIXTY-FOUR REACTIONARIES.

AWARNING TO ELECTORS.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S APPOINTMENT.

VOTING ON MR. NARIMAN'S AMENDMENT.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.)

Poona, July 24.

The following is Wednesday's voting on Mr. K. F. Nariman's amendment re the appointment of Commissioner By the corporation.—

AYES. 31

1. Mr. D. B. Adwani,
2. Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar,
3. Rao Saheb D. P. Desai,
4. Mr. S. S. Dev,
5. Dr. M. K. Dixit,
6. Mr. N. R. Gunjal
7. Mr. M. R. Jayakar,
8. Mr. V. N. Jog,
9. Mr. P. G. Joshi,
10. Mr. M. D. Karki,
11. Mr. V. R. Kothari,
12. Mr. Lalji Naranji,
13. Mr. Hoseinbhoy A. Lalljee,
14. Mr. G. K. Mavalankar,
15. Dr. M. M. Mehta,
16. Mr. W. S. Mukadam,
17. Mr. B. R. Nalal,
18. Mr. H. H. Narielwala,
19. Mr. K. F. Nariman,
20. Mr. B. G. Pahalajani,
21. Mr. D. N. Patel,
22. Mr. G. I. Patel,
23. Mr. M. B. Powar,
24. Mr. G. B Pradhan,
25. Mr. Punjabhai Thakersi,
26. Mr. H. D. Saheba,
27. Mr. C. M. Saptarshi
28. Mr. R. G. Soman,
29. Mr. V. A. Surve,
30. Mr. J. C. Swaminarayan,
31. Dr. M. B. Velkar.

NOES. 64

1. Mr. Abdul Latif Haji Hajrat Khan,
2. Mr. N. A. Abdulpurkar.
3. Mr. J. R. Abercrombie.
4. Moulvi Rafiuddin Ahmad.
5. Mr. S. N. Athavle.
6. Mr. J. Baptista.
7. Mr. K. W. Barlee.
8. Khan Bahadur I. M. Bedrekar.
9. Mr. J. M. Bhurgri.
10. Khan Bahadur S. N. Bhutto.
11. Mr. K. Bole.
12. Mr. L. S. Chaudhari.
13. Khan Bahadur D. B. Cooper.
14. Sir Vasantrao A. Dabholkar.
15. Dr. K. E. Dadachanji.
16. the Honourable Mr. A. M. K. Dehlavi.
17. Dr. Cosmas Fernandez.
18. Mr. K. S. Framji.
19. Mr. J. Ghosal.
20. The Honourable Khan Bahadur Shaikh Ghulam Hussain.
21. Mr. V. A. Grantham.
22. Gul Mahomed Haji Khamiso.
23. Mr. Hamid M. Abdul Ali.
24. Mr. G. W. Hatch.
25. The Honourable Sir Maurice Hayward.F
26. Sir Lawless Hepper.
27. Mr. J. E. B. Hotson.
28. The Honourable Mr. B. V. Jadhav.
29. Khan Saheb Karimbaksh Jatoi.
30. The Honourable Mr. Cowasji Jehangir.
31. Mr. G. M. Kalbhor.
32. Mr. S. T. Kambli.
33. Mr. J. A. Kay.
34. Kazi Inaitullakhan.
35. Mr. M. S. Khuhro.
36. The Honourable Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas.
37. The Honourable Mr. H. S. Lawrence.
38. Khan Saheb A. M. Mansuri.
39. Mr. A. Montgomerie.
40. Mr. L. J. Mountford.
41. Sardar G. N. Mujumdar.
42. Mukhi Jethanand Pritamdas.
43. Mr. N. E. Navle.
44. Mr. R. S. Nekaljay.
45. Mr. Noor Mahomed.
46. Mr. A. C. Owen.
47. Mr. H. L. Painter
48. Mr. A. E. Patel
49. Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed Khan Pathan.
50. Mr. A. F. I. K. Pathan.
51. Mr. D. R. Patil.
52. Mr. F. W. Petch.
53. Mr. Hoosenally M. Rahimtoola.
54. Mr. S. A. Sardesai.
55. Sayed Ghulam Nabi Shah.
56. Sayed Muhammad Kamil Shah
57. Mr. R. D. Shinde.
58. Mr. A. N. Surve.
59. The Thakor of Kerwada.
60. Mr. G. A. Thomas.
61. Mr. C. W. A. Turner.
62. Mr. N. N. Wadia.
63. Mr. G. Wiles.
64. Mr. E. E. Woods.

IN 1920.

CORPORATION'S DEMAND.

SIR. VASANTRAO DABHOLKAR'S LETTER.

The following is the copy of the letter addressed by Sir (then Mr.) Vasantrao Dabholkar as President of the Corporation to the Government of Bombay re. the appointment of the Municipal Commissioner by the Corporation.

No 5053. Municipal Corporation Office Bombay,, 3rd August 1920.

From Vasantrao Anandrao Dabholkar, Esqr., O.B.E., President, Municipal Corporation, Bombay.

To the Secretary to the Government, General Department, Bombay.

Sir,—I have the honour by desire of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay, to submit for the consideration of Government that the Corporation are of opinion that the time has arrived when the power of appointing the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay should be vested in the Corporation and to request that Government will be pleased to undertake legislation for the amendment of the Municipal Act accordingly.

I have etc.,
Sd. V. A. Dabholkar,
President.

RENT ACT DISCUSSION.

GOVT'S. STRONG OPPOSITION?

Mr. M. K. Patel writes to us from Poona:—

The Bombay Rent Act Amendment Bill is likely to be taken up by the Council on Monday the 27th inst. Most of the Swarajists and even the non-Brahmins have promissed to support the amendments and on the prospects of the tenants' cause appear to be very bright. The Government, however, are determined to oppose tooth and nail. The issue of severe struggle is therefore awaited with the atmost anxiety.

ECONOMIES IN MILITARY SERVICES.

LORD CHALMERS APPOINTED CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEE.

LONDON, July 26.

The "Sunday Times" understands that Lord Chalmers has been appointed the Chairman of the committee which the Premier announced in the House of Commons on 23rd July he was appointing to consider economies in the Naval, Military and Air service.—Reuter.

MOPLA COLONY IN ANDAMANS.

MR. SCHMNAD'S OBJECTION.

MADRAS, July 25.

In reply to a telegram to the Home Member of the Government of India protesting against the colonisation of Andamans by Moplah prisoners and their families, Mr. Mohamed Schmnad M.L.A. was received a letter from the Officiating Deputy Secretary, Home Department, Simla, asking for the grounds of his objection and reminding him that the Home Member's offer of free passage to the Andamans to two Moplah gentlemen in order that they may see for themselves the conditions in the islands remains unaccepted.

Mr. Mohamad Schamnad in reply to the letter stated that his chief objections were his apprehension of Government's intention to reduce the Moplahs to a minority and to make them politically impotent, that the Andamans were an unhealthy place even for the habitation of convicts, that there was no sufficient justification in using the Andamans for the transportation of Moplahs alone even of such Moplahs as were not sentenced for transportation, but only for shorter terms of imprisonment while the Government of India had decided not to use the Andamans as a penal settlement. The offer of the Home Member was not acceptable because free passages should be allowed for at least five Moplah gentlemen, and that a Commission for holding an enquiry rather than an unauthorised visit was far more preferable.—A.P.

MINING CRISIS

PREVENTION OF MOVING OF COAL.

SPECIAL CONFERENCE CALLED.

LONDON, July 25.

A conference, to-day, in London, of the Trade Union Congress special committee, with three Railway Unions and Transport Workers' Union, decided, in the event of miners' stoppage, to take steps to prevent the moving of coal. The conference also decided to call a special conference of the executive of all Trade Unions at London on 30th July to consider general Trade-Union action.

The executive of the Amalgamated Union of Building Trade Workers passed a resolution, to-day, calling upon the General Council of the Trade Union Congress immediately to establish a council of action to support the miners.—Reuter.

WANTED A LIVING WAGE.

WILL OWNERS' NOTICES BE SUSPENDED?

LONDON, July 24.

It is officially announced that Coal-owners and Miners met jointly this afternoon [illegible] meeting was adjourned till 29th July

It is learned that the miners' representatives have informed Mr. Bridgeman that they wanted a peaceful settlement if it could be secured, but meant to have a living wage. It is also hoped that owners notices will be suspended.

The chairman of the Trade Union Congress has declared that the Congress will support miners and textile workers.—Reuter.

1,35,000 OPERATIVES INVOLVED.

LONDON, July 25.

The cessation of work in the textile dispute is almost general. At West Riding 1,35,000 operatives are involved.—Reuter.

50,000 WORKERS STRIKE IN BRADFORD.

STRIKERS & POLICE CLASH.

LONDON, July 24.

50,000 wool and textile workers have struck in Bradford against the reduction of five per cent. in wages. Strikers, ignoring the leaders' instructions to allow the firms where wages have not been reduced to continue working, rushed into the mill gates and forced the operatives to cease work, but the police frustrated their several attempts. Stores were thrown at mills and windows were smashed. Two police were slightly injured.—Reuter.

DURHAM MINERS' GALA.

DEAN'S PLIGHT.

LONDON, July 26.

While Mr. Ramsay Macdonald was addressing a Durham miners' gala, condemning Government for its belated action in the coal crisis and declaring that coal trade must be organised on national basis and thus secure the unification of production, wages and conditions, Right Reverend J. E. C. Welldon, the Dean of Durham, was seen approaching the platform to address a temperance meeting, at the conclusion of the gala speeches. The crowd jostled and rushed the Dean to the river's edge, but the police commandeered a passing motor-boat and conveyed him to safety.—Reuter's Special.

(Continued from Column 6.)

The Bill had pleased neither the landlords nor the tenants. He thought Clause 7 of the Bill was defective and in the interest of tenants themselves it should be sent back to committee as the Bill proposed to give increases of 30 and 40 per cent. when reduced wages and unemployment were staring the poor in the face. Decontrol was the best remedy for the purpose as it was in favour of tenants. The speaker then gave figures in favour of his contention and quoted the opinion of the Chairman of the Improvement Trust. He said the trust had lost a great deal of rent and if that was the position of such a rich Corporation what should be the position of poor landlords in the City. Fifty per cent of landlords in Bombay were poor and received a monthly income of rupees 25 by way of rents. Could they expect such landlords to obtain their dues from tenants? If rents were decontrolled he was sure landlords would have no inducement to increase their rents and thus bring themselves into the clutches of the Rent Act. His suggestion was that there should be a partial decontrol of the rents. They must look at the question from the standpoint of the Presidency and not of poor tenants. There were 3,000 rooms in the Development Chawls now lying vacant and by December 1925 another 10,000 would be ready and the presidency would lose about 14 lakhs yearly and the Council would be asked to meet it next year. All these 13,000 rooms would be vacant in addition to 650 rooms in the Improvement Chawls. Therefore, he thought time for decontrol had now arrived.

Mr. Narimen said it would save considerable time of the House if they would know whether Government were going to oppose the motion.

Mr. Cowasjee said he was going to oppose after the motion for recommital was put to vote and rejected.

The House then adjourned to Monday next.

RENT ACT AMENDMENT BILL

MR. SURVE AS CHAMPION OF LANDLORDS

BOMBAY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

(From Our Special Representative.)

POONA, July 25.

After prolonged discussion the Co-operative Societies Bill passed its second reading late this evening and the third reading will be taken up on Wednesday next. The discussion, while keen was not generally conducted on party lines as most of the time the Swarajists were found opposed to each other as there were honest differences. At the end of the day when there was only one hour left the Rent Act Amendment Bill was taken up for discussion and Mr. Cowasjee made only a few remarks. Mr. Surve who followed him took nearly 45 minutes to speak on his motion for the recommittal of the Bill to a select committee without limitation. The House was not very surprised when it found Mr. Surve, the ostensible champion of labouring and depressed classes, speaking on the side of landlords. He spoke long but made out no sensible case in favour of his motion. He showed great anxiety for the finance of the presidency and none for the poor. His argument was that the decontrol of rent meant lower rents all round and that there was not the slightest fear of rents soaring high. He brought into requisition all the worn out arguments in favour of decontrol and spoke of Bombay being flooded with cheap rooms in the Development Chawls without any tenants to occupy them. He however refrained from mentioning why the rooms were lying vacant. As there was very little time left for the discussion on the second reading to be taken up the House adjourned to Monday next.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

A meeting of the Legislative Council was held to-day Sir Ebrahim Rahimtoola presiding, when the Co-operative Societies Bill was taken up for consideration. Clause 53 as amended runs as follows:—Where the Society directed to be wound up as a housing society its assets both moveable and immoveable shall for the purposes of winding up or dissolution of the Society jointly vest subject to all rights and equities in three persons of whom one shall be nominated by the Registrar, one shall be nominated by the said Society in a general meeting specially called for the purpose and one shall be nominated by the Bombay Central Co-operative Institute. Such persons shall for the purpose of winding up or dissolution of the Society be joint liquidators and shall have all the powers of a liquidator under this Act. They may, with the sanction of the Registrar continue the working of the Society or may, subject to his sanction and in consultation with the members of the Society in a general meeting reconstruct the society or may sell off the premises of the society to the best advantage of all interests and when all the liabilities of the Society are met may dispose of the surplus assets of the society if any as provided in Section 52.

Section 60 was a penal clause making it penal not to furnish information to officers making a false return or wilfully disobeying any summons. Mr. V. N. Jog moved the deletion of the Clause because it was introduced for the first time in this Bill and it was too costly to introduce a penal clause in the Act. In no other country was there such a penal clause and he feared it would prevent honorary workers from joining the movement.

Mr. J. A. Madan opposed the amendment and said there was a rule in the present Act empowering the Registrar or other officer to fine a person and in the present Bill the Registrar alone was empowered to fine. No honest man who did not disregard the rules or bye-laws of any society need have any fear so long as a chairman or officers of a society did not bring himself under criminal offence and he had nothing to fear from the clause said Mr. Madan.

Mr. Jog wanted to withdraw the amendment but the Council did not allow him to do so.

Mr. Dadubhai, supporting, said this presidency should be the last to adopt such a clause.

After one or two members had spoken Mr. K. W. Barlee said there was no moral stigma attached to the punishment under the Act.

Mr. Dehalvi said they were building a constitution for the welfare of societies and to help them to grow and therefore they had to afford every facility as well as meet every difficulty that might arise if he did not think there should be so much soft heartedness about these sections. They had given auditors powers but they could not be enforced without the help of these sections.

The amendment was rejected and the clause stood.

After some more amendments were disposed of the second reading of the Co-operative Bill was passed and the third reading was postponed to Wednesday next.

RENTS ACTS BILL.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir then moved the second reading of the Amendments to the Rents Acts Bill. He said they all understood the points of differences in the Select Committee and the simplest manner of discussing these points would be to ask members to move their amendments and he would be glad to give the members any information they wanted.

Mr. A. N. Surve moved that the Bill be recommitted to the Select Committee without limitation. The extent of the approval which the Bill had received from the Select Committee was evident from the minutes of dissent written by the members.

(Continued in Column 5.)

ON THE BRINK OF RUIN.

DISASTER TO MILL INDUSTRY.

GOVT.'S "WAIT AND SEE" POLICY.

MR. SETHNA'S TRENCHANT CRITICISM.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER'S MEETING.

The second quarterly general meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber was held on Saturday at 3 p.m. the Hon. Mr. P. C. Sethna presiding.

In moving the adoption of the quarterly report the chairman in his speech covered a variety of subjects ranging from the currency and exchange problem to the present situation of mill industry. Referring to currency and exchange, he said:—

It is, I believe, a misfortune of the successive Presidents of this Chamber since 1920 that they are compelled to refer unfavourably to the Currency and Exchange policy in all their speeches before the general meetings of the Chamber on account of the unsympathetic and unyielding attitude of the Goverment of India in the matter. Your Committee were obliged, in the middle of May last, to draw the attention of Government to the acute monetary stringency, then prevailing, inspite of favourable trade balances and large imports of gold. The effects of such a stringency are naturally felt all the more keenly in times of a severe trade depression, which unfortunate still persists. Your Committee in this connection drew the attention of Government to the reversion of the authorities of the United Kingdom to the Gold Standard and urged them, in view of this decision, to take immediate action also in this country, without waiting for the findings of the proposed Committee of Enquiry, by restoring the relation of the Rupee to Gold at it stood in pre-war period and thus to establish an automatic system of currency based entirely on gold, followed as soon as possible by a Gold Mint and Gold Currency in circulation. They also urged upon Government to accept Mr. Raju's resolution adopted by the Legislative Assembly asking for an Indian majority and an Indian Chairman on the proposed Enquiry Committee.

INTERVIEW WITH THE FINANCE MEMBER.

These points were again emphasised before the Hon'ble Sir Basil Blackett whom your Committee took an opportunity to meet in the first week of this month during his short stay in Bombay on his return from England. I need not go into details of the proceedings of this interview, as a full report has alread been published, which, I am sure, you must have read with much interests but at the same time with disappointment and dismay. With every intention and effort on the part of our Committee to appreciate the viewpoint of the Government of India, I am sorry that they still remain as unconvinced as ever of the wisdom of Government's attitude in the matter. While not prepared to budge an inch from the position he has taken up on the plea of maintaining an equilibrium of prices, Sir Basil Blackett chose to charge this Chamber with making a fetish of the ratio of 1s. 4d. Your Committee have lost no time in replying to this unjust charge. After pointing out that any tampering with the standard measure of length and width or volume was forbidden by law and that the present tampering with the standard of value stood in the same category and deserved equal condemnation, they have frankly stated that if insisting on honesty in the matter of standard weights and measures was to be called a fetish, then they pleaded guilty to the charge. The Hon Member's reply with regard to the constitution of the proposed Enquiry Committee was also unsatisfactory as it clearly meant that the demands of the Indian commercial community as voiced in Mr. Raju's resolution in the Assembly were to be once more ignored. He was pleased to state that the Government intended to do their best to secure "adequate and satisfactory" Indian representation. I venture to submit that this statement may be construed to mean anything of othing; for after all it is the Government of India in consultation with the Secretary of State—I will not add—and White Hall—who will decide as to the adequacy and the satisfactory nature of Indian representation. But there was one part of the Hon. Member's speech, which, I am sure, the commercial community will look upon with some gratification. We must be thankful for the Hon. Member's assurance,—we have got to be thankful for even such small mercies,—that the Government had no desire to see in the present circumstances a further rise in exchange beyond 1s. 6 and 3/16d. not only because it saves the commercial community from the consequences of exchange fluctuations but also because it indicates that the Government of India are not wholly unmindful of the interests of the producers. Apart from this one assurance, I must say that the Indian commercial community have been disappointed at the result of this interview.

INDIAN ECONOMIC ENQUIRY COMMITTEE.

You are aware, gentlemen, that as a result of almost universal dissatisfaction over the appointment of the Indian Taxation Enquiry Committee, the Government of India tried to assuage public feelings by appointing the so-called Economic Enquiry Committee whose terms of reference are very narrow and whose scope of enquiry is unduly limited. Your Committee were invited to reply to the questionnaire of this Committee. They, however, entirely disapproved of Government's action in appointing this Committee with such terms of reference as they were given. They believed that the efforts of the Taxation Committee and of the Economic Enquiry Committee involved a waste of public time and money for which no clear justification had been given to the public Your Committee, therefore, decided that no useful purpose would be served by answering the questionnaire of the Economic Enquiry Committee and did not do so.

Refering to the interview with Mr. Sim, Mr. Sethna said "I must express my regret for the unujstifiably long delay on the part of Government to give effect to the recommendation of the Acworth Committee for the establishment of the Rates Tribunal.

MILL INDUSTRY.

Gentlemen, I am sorry that the hope which I expressed in my speech before the First Quarterly Meeting for an early revival of our mill industry has not only not been realised but the position of this premier industry of India has become even more precarious. The situation at this juncture is so exasperating that it is difficult to speak with restraint, especially when we see Government, who, in and out of season, proclaim themselves to have the best interests of this country at heart, showing no signs of taking necessary steps to save the industry from ruin. It will be generally admitted that the unjust Excise Duty, the relentless competition from Japan and the Currency and Exchange policy are mainly responsible for the present deplorable plight of our mill industry, apart from a general alround trad edepression. You must have noticed that your Committee prominently brought these points to the notice of the Hon. the Finance Member and the Bombay Millowners' Association also conferred with him and Mr. Chadwick of the Commerce Department. The Government, however, appear to have made up their minds to pursue the same disastrous policy of "wait and see" in regard to this industry as they have done in regard to Currency and Exchange. It is really unthinkable how a Government, with the least pretension to be in sympathy with the industrial development of the country can continue for a moment such an obnoxious duty as the Cotton Excise Duty, a duty, which is unjust in conception, inequitous in operation, economically injurious and morally indefensible, and this too, inspite of their improved financial position, which the Hon. the Finance Member had to explain away to your Committee.

While there is no indication of an early abolition of the Excise Duty, we are still unaware of Government's intentions in regard to the proposed steps to meet the Japanese competition. I am open to admit that this is a rather delicate question, in the solution of which the rights and obligations unders the commercial treaties between the respective Governments are to be seriously considered. It is just possible that the Government of India may not be in a position to discriminate between Japanese goeds and the goods of other countries. If so, I personally go so far as to suggest to substantially raise the import duty on all piecegoods irrespective of the countries of origin. While not prepared to take these steps, which alone can save the industry at the present moment, the Government, through their representative, advised the Millowners to put their own house in order by effecting retrenchment and economy in the management of mills. Even if we admit that there is room for retrenchment and economy, the Government must realise, from their own experience during the last couple of years that retrenchment cannot be effected in a day. It naturally takes some time. What is needed at present, however, is an immediate relief, which the Government of India alone are in a position to give. Playing with the fortunes of an industry may be a very interesting pastime, but they must realise at the same time that it is a very disastrous experiment. I am very sorry that I am obliged to speak in this strain, but I would like the Government to carefully gauge the acuteness and deoth of feelings of the Indian public in this matter.

The unsympathetic attitude of Government has, however, compelled the Millowners to take the only course open o them viz. the reduction in wages. It is satisfactory to note that the Millowners have created a new desirable precedent by conferring with the representatives of labour before effecting reductions. While the negotiations between the two parties are still in progress, it would be unwise to announce any opinion on the various points of contention. But I must say that both the parties ought to do their level best to avoid all possibility of a general strike by coming to an amicable settlement. Our experience of the last few years has shown that a strike on a large scale generally leads to violence on the part of the strikers, who are the worst sufferers in such times, and thus proves a serious menace to life and property and to public safety in general. It is therefore the duty of Millowners as well as advisers of workmen to leave no stone unturned in order to avoid such dangerous consequences in public interest.

INSURANCE LEGISLATION.

You will be glad to learn that the Government of India after a long delay, have prepared and published the Insurance Bill which is at present under the consideration of your Committee. It was this Chamber, which pressed upon the Government of India so far back as in 1921, the desirability of having some legislation for the regulation and control of foreign insurance companies doing business in India and also put forward some concrete proposals. Although the Bill as drafted is not what we would like it to be, you may rest assured that your Committee will take care to suggest such suitable amendments therein as will meet the requirements of the country.

SHARE BAZAAR.

Before I close, I must express my sense of appreciation of the tactful manner, in which the authorities of the Bombay Stock Exchange handled a very delicate situation, which arose at the time of the June Settlement and which at one time threatened to develop into a very serious crisis. I am sure that the authorities of the Stock Exchange will now see their way to give effect to the recommendations of the Atlay Committee before the Government of Bombay are obliged to interfere in the matter in the interests of the investing public and security of trade and industries.

In conclusion, Mr. Sethna referred to the heavy and irreparable loss India has sustained by the death of Mr. C. R. Das, the deep sense of loss, business community in general and the Chamber in particular, has suffered through the death of Mr. Motilal Vallabhji.

The president then referred to a telegram in the newspapers which had appeared that day alluding to the appointment of Sir Purshotamdas Thackoredas as the president of the Currency Commission and congratulated Sir Purshotamdas on the honour, which he said was an honour to the Indian Merchants' Chamber.

Sir Purshotamdas in reply contradicted the rumour and said he knew nothing about his appointment which was a newspaper canard.

The report was adopted.

The President was then "At Home" to the members when light refreshments were served.

INDIA'S PROBLEM.

ENSURING OF ONE NATIONAL WILL.

LALA LAJPAT RAI ON N.C.O.

LAHORE, July 25.

Lala Lajpat Rai writing in to-day's issue of the "People" on his own political creed says:—"What I must repeat even if I have to repeat it a hundred times a day is that the problem that faces us is not how to turn out the British, but how to bring about an understanding between different religions so as to ensure the possibility of one national will in the political field. I have no faith in non-violence as a creed, but I accept it as the policy the best under the circumstances".

Writing about Non-Co-operation Lalaji says:—"I joined the movement with sincere faith in its educative value and gave my best to it without committing myself personally to matters which I considered impracticable. Last year when I sailed for my trip to Europe, I intended to use my stay in Switzerland in writing out a brief history of Non-Co-operation movement. I actually wrote five chapters of it, but I have deliberately refrained from publishing them in their present incomplete and imperfect form. The truth about my share in the Non-Co-operation movement for which I accept my full share of responsibility will be known when that history is published with the documents supporting the facts stated therein.

In the meantime I repeat what I said on being released from jail in August 1923 that I have nothing to explain, nothing to withdraw and nothing to apologise for. We committed blunders, we have suffered for them. All the same, the country has profited from them immensely. Our Moderate friends have no reason to taunt us for our failure as their own co-operation was as dismal a failure if not even a greater one as our Non-Co-operation proved to be. Non-Co-operation came within an ace of success but Co-operation never had a chance. What is needed now is the chalking out of a middle course. We are wedded neither to Co-operation nor to Non Co-operation; we must do what is bust practical and possible under the circumstances. For that we require vigorous thinking, thorough discussion and honest consultation among all parties and a determination to do what is decided upon.—A. P

READING ROOM AND LIBRARY FOR LADIES.

OPENING CEREMONY.

A Municipal Free Reading Room and Library for Ladies was opened by Mrs. Cowasji Jehangir, on Saturday evening, at the Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal Hall, Girgaum Back Road.

On her arrival Mrs. Cowasji Jehangir was received by Mr. B. N. Motiwala the chairman, and other members of the Municipal Schools Committee.

In proposing Mrs. Jehangir to the chair, Miss Kashibai Nowrange alluded to the great interest Mrs. Jehangir had taken in the physical welfare of Indian women. She had now very appropriately turned her attention to their mental welfare as well. Miss Nowrange then narrated the events that led to the opening of the library. The idea of a Free Reading Room and Library for Ladies first occurred to Mrs. Krishnabai Anant Gurjar who wrote to the Municipal Corporation saying that a ladies' library in the vicinity of Girgaum would be very much appreciated. The Corporation referred the matter to the Schools Committee who, under Mr. Motiwala's chairmanship, accepted the proposal. The Corporation had made a liberal grant of Rs. 8,000 for the starting of the library. The Schools Committee had given Rs. 1,500 for vernacular books Rs. 50 for periodicals and Rs. 360 for newspapers and other journals. Lady Jagmohandas and Mr. Motiwala had expressed their great interest in the library and it was hoped that many other well wishers would also come forward with help.

Mrs. Cowasji Jahangir in declaring the institution open, in the course of her speech said:—

The Municipality are to be congratulated for inaugurating a movement for the benefit of women which should prove a useful and pleasant recreation.

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

It is hoped that the Municipality will utilize some portion of their land in the vicinity for a suitable construction of their own building in the near future.

India cannot claim the privilege of having any first class library. The world's largest library is, as you know, in France. The National Library of France which contains 2,600,000 bound volumes, the second being the British Museum, then the Imperial Library of Russia, the Royal Library and Berlin and the United States Library.

Though the establishment of such institutions is not an obligatory duty of the Municipal Corporation, they were generous enough in addition to providing for its maintenance to sanction a further sum every year for the purchase of magazines, periodicals, and books for which they deserve the very best thanks of the public.

If therefore any efforts are made to secure a library, on no matter however small a scale, exclusively for women bearing in mind the customs of the country, they will no doubt, be gratefully appreciated.

Women are advancing and patricipating in different lines of study, and no doubt their desire for reading must necessarily grow. It is not always possible to buy different books on various subjects or any particular subject that one is interested in, and a library of this nature fully equipped in the course of time to meet the growing demand will enhance and encourage literary talent.

The sphere of activities of the sexes may be differentiated but the importance of the one is perhaps no less than that of the other.

Hindu women have little of the social side in their lives to break the monotomy of their daily existence. This Institution and the Hindu Stree Mandal which are now housed together will provide a common meeting place where women of all classes can discuss and undertake duties which they deem a privilege to fulfil and knowledge and experience will serve as a guide towards the right path.

BRITAIN AND INDIA.

THE HAND OF PROVIDENCE.

KOAH, July 26.

His Excellency the Viceroy in course of his speech in reply to the speech delivered by His Highness the Maharao of Kotah at a banquet held at Umed Bhavan, Kotah, on Saturday referring to His Highness's remark that "Providence has brought Englishmen and Indians together for the mutual benefit of each," said. "It is unfortunately too often argued by Englishmen that India has been the chief gainer by this association and by Indians that the benefits have been confined exclusively to England. If Providence, indeed, had any responsibility in the matter, I am sure that it did not bring these two people together for the advantage of either of them alone. Your Highness is clearly right in saying that both have given much and received much. So long and so long only as this mutual obligation is recognised by both people will their partnership continue to be of value to each. I cordially reciprocate the belief expressed by Your Highness that each country has something of value to learn from the other and that a proud and happy destiny awaits them both in the future on the basis of a free and equal partnership between two parties each of which has sufficient self-respect to confer benefits without any grudge and to accept them without any shame.

NIMOOCHANA TRAGEDY

MAHARAJA'S STATEMENT ALLEGED TO BE WRONG

CORRECT CASUALTIES LIST OT BE ISSUED SHORTLY.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

AJMER, July 25.

The "Taran Rajasthan" in a fresh issue writes:—The number of casualties in the Nimoochana Tragedy finally announced by the Maharaja of Alwar are wrong. The names of the killed and the wounded so far ascertained by us far exceed the number given by the Maharaja. We are shortly issuing a detailed authoritative report in this connection.

RISE IN PRICE OF RUBBER.

DIFICULTIES OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS.

WASHINGTON, July 26.

Mr. Kellogg has cabled to Ambassador Houghton describing "for his information" the difficulties facing the American manufacturers owing to the rise in the price of rubber. Similar representations are reported to have been forwarded through the British Embassy at Washington.—Reuter's Speal.

PROTEST AGAINST RESTRICTIONS ON RUBBER EXPORTS.

LONDON, July 25.

A manifesto emphasising the adverse effect on their interests of the legislative restrictions on rubber exports from Malaya and Ceylon signed by the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders, the Royal Automobile Club, the Commercial Motor Users Association and the British Cycle and Motor Cycle Manufacturers and the Traders' Union has been issued. The manifesto points out the enormous increase in prices of crude rubber for immediate delivery and says that approximately six million cycle and motor users in Britain are paying and will continue to pay the price of the present restriction. It describes the scheme as too inelastic to adjust itself to supplies with necessary rapidity to prevent the maintenance of abnormal prices and urges that it is Government's duty to modify the scheme.—Reuter.

BIOGRAPHY OF MR. DAS.

MR. P. C. ROY'S WORK.

CALCUTTA, July 25.

Mr. Prithwis Chunder Roy, journalist has undertaken to write a biography of the late Mr. C. R. Das which will be published in England early next year.—A.P.

WOMEN AT THE MINES.

GOVT. ATTITUDE.

CALCUTTA, July 24.

The Hon. Sir Bhupendranath Mitra, Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council who has been in Calcutta for about a week had a conference this morning with the members of the Indian Mining Federation when many important questions, were discussed. The Committee making a statement on the coal industry and other allied subjects said that the question of the prohibition of employment of women at the mines had been before the Government for a long time and the Federation voiced a strong protest against any proposal which Government might have under consideration. The Federation feared that as a result of ill-informed criticisms Government might bring the matter again before the Legislative Assembly but the Federation was certain that Government would maintain in the matter an open mind.

Sir Bhupendranath Mitra in his reply assured the Federation that Government were yet maintaining an open mind in the proposed prohibition of employment of women in the mines and hoped that during the next sessions of the Indian Legislative Assembly he himself and some members of the Legislative Assembly would pay a visit to the coalfields and study labour conditions on the spot. The question, he maintained, was not whether there should be an equal number of men and women at the mines but whether wives of miners should be actually employed underground. Referring to the Maternity Benefit Bill, Sir Bhupendranath said that Government fully realised the difficulties of industries but much would depend on the expression of public opinion which had been asked for on the bill.—A.P.

CAWNPORE CONGRESS PRESIDENTSHIP.

GUJRAT RECOMMENDS MRS. NAIDU.

AHMEDABAD, July 26.

A meeting of the Gujrat Provincial Congress Committee held this afternoon suggested the name of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu as President of the Congress, and elected Dr. Chandulal Desai as member of the All India Congress Committee in place of Mr. Gandhi who is now ex-officio member.

The president, Mr. Lallabhai Patel placed before the meeting question of holding provincial conference but there was no unanimity of opinion as regards necessity of holding conference at present.—A. P.

HIGH COURT.

ALLEGED FORGERY.

ACCUSED'S STATEMENT.

Further hearing was resumed, bef Mr. Justice Taraporewalla and special j at the High Court Sessions, of the against Dinubhai Chandulal Mehta who charged with forgery, criminal misap priation and cheating in respect of cheque for Rs. 1,68,000 on the Bank India in the name of the Maharao Cutch.

After the prosecution evidence was c the accused made a long statement to Court, in the course of which he said he accompanied the complainant to B bay on the 29th May 1924, and put with his nephew Gajendra Diwanji Grant Road. The next day, he had b to the "Darya Mahal" where the c plainant was staying on the latter's b ness. At night the complainant as him to join him at dinner, to which agreed. After dinner, the complain gave him Rs. 80,000 in cash, and asked h to put Rs. 70,000 out of this in (accused's) name as fixed deposit, beca he said, the monies that were put in own name belonged to H. H. the Maha of Cutch, and he did not want to mix this sum which was his private money w it. The remaining Rs. 10,000 was gi to the accused as a loan. Besides t the complainant gave him Rs. 15,000 be invested in shares on his account. A the complainant sailed for Europe, accused kept the Rs. 70,000 in a sealed velope instead of investing it as fixed posit as instructed. Out of Rs. 15, he bought 11 shares of calico mills, 5 Madhowji and 25 of Indore-Malwa, last of which he sold out and credited proceeds in the complainant's name the latter's solicitors. He also sold the 5 Madhowjis and paid Rs. 2,000 of it to one Baburao as being due to by the complainantt. The calico sh he had transferred to the complainant his return from Europe. The Rs. 10 note which was given to the accused as loan, he had given to one Harilal Ahmedabad to whom he owed Rs. 2 and he got back from him the surplu Rs. 8,000. When the complainant to Ahmedabad in January last, the acc offered to return the Rs. 70,000, but complainant said he might pay it February when he intended to go to B bay with His Highness. On 19th Fe ary Mr. Kavishwar of Bombay C. I. went to his place at Ahmedabad, and him about the complaint filed against by the complainant. The accused re that he was paid Rs. 70,000 in cash, w he produced before him. The officer asked for the Rs. 10,000 found with Ha whereupon the accused protested tha was given to him as a loan. But inspector having insisted upon it as b part of alleged stolen party, the acc produced that too. The accused was t brought down to Bombay where he arrested.

Concluding, the accused said that his belief the signature on the cheque genuine and submitted that he was qu innocent.

Further hearing was then adjourned to-day when counsel will address t jury.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON MR. NENSE

Mr. K. F. Nariman has given notice following questions to be asked in t Council:

Has the attention of the Governme been drawn to the reports appeared in t "Sanj Vartman," "Bombay Samachar "Voice of India," dated 31-12-1924 abo the assault on Mr. Jivraj G. Nensey by Navigation clerk at Noa-Goa?

Is Government aware that Mr. Nens has filed a case against the Navigati clerk at Noa-Goa?

Is Government aware that Mr. Nens applied to the British Consul at Mar Goa on 14-1-25 to watch his interest that case at Noa-Goa?

Will the Government inform as to wh steps British Consul at Marma Goa h taken to safeguard the interest of M Nensey?

Will the Government inform as to wha steps it proposes to take to get justice the Noa Goa Court?

PATHE CINEMA.

Comedy production is an uncertain thi at its best. The actors, author and dir tor may work for days figuring out c tain situations that should bring laught from the audience, but in this they a often mistaken. It is hard to plea everyone at the same time. One audienc may howl with delight, another may n even smile at their efforts. There are fundamental situations in comedy that w bring delight. So you see what a big pi position the really successful comedian h on his hands in each new picture. T public expect him to be funny regardle anything and if he does not keep the laughing all the time, it means the end his career.

"Conductor 1492" a Warner Bro Classic of the screen is a sparkling comed written by Johnny Hines. the famou comedian proves beyond doubt that he one of no mean fame and one who know how to extract laughter from his peop This picture is full of humour and thril You will laugh loud and long at t ludicrous situations and then gasp wi amazement at the daring stunts he p forms. Doris May always lends a char and interest to any picture in which sh plays. Here as Connelly's beautif daughter she is as fascinating as ever.

"IN THE LIONS' DEN."

MAHATMA ADDRESSES CALCUTTA EUROPEANS

WHY HE SUPPORTED MR. SEN GUPTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 25.

"I am dying to co-operate, and therefore I have never missed an opportunity of understanding your viewpoint" said Mahatma Gandhi addressing a large meeting of the European Association. Referring to the Swarajists he said: "I have discovered in them fine fighters worthy of your steel. I have discovered in them men capable of the highest self-sacrifice, lovers of their country not haters of Englishmen because I hold—and they hold with me—that the love of country is not in any shape or form inconsistent with the love of Englishmes (Applause.) That being so in so far as I may be described as a politician, I have thrown in my lot with the Swarajists. I have studied somewhat of your history. I know something of your institutions and in my own humble manner I have seen some of your institutions grow in South Africa. The Swarajists are to-day the most powerful political party in India. We have to fight against tremendous odds, tremendous prejudice, and it is one of the most painful things on the face of the earth that we two peoples, thrown together and having two shoulder the same burden find ourselves so far apart, not knowing one another and perhaps not caring to know one another. One of the greatest of Indians and may I say one of the greatest friends of Englishmen, has gone from us and his throne left vacant. He was imbued with that which his followers do not possess. They have to shoulder a burden to which they are unequal, and I have faced with them the question of the Mayoral Chair.

CALCUTTA, July 24.

There was a large gathering of Europeans, members of the European Association, present in the ball room of the Grand Hotel last night when the guest of the evening was Mr. M. K. Gandhi The meeting was convened by the Calcutta Branch of the European Association and Mr. W W. Page was in the Chair.

Mr. Page said Mr. Gandhi had come to the their guest not without some hesitation. Mr. Gandhi had said: "I feel as if I was going into the lions' den." As regards the subject matter of the meeting Mr Page said he was not going to anticipate what Mr. Gandhi or any member present was going to say.

The destiny of England and India had been thrown together, declared the Mahatma, and had been thrown together for a good purpose, namely the service of humanity and he personally never missed the opportunity of understanding the European view point. "It is in that mood that I approach you this evening and ask you to reciprocate. I expect Englishmen to make the advance to Indians and not Indians to Europeans.

WHY MAHATMA SUPPORTED MR. SEN GUPTA.

Mr. Gandhi said he frankly confessed that the subject proposed to him was n very attractive chiefly because it was not so much importance as many other subjects. The subject was "why did I intervene in the election of the Mayor of Calcutta." Mr. Gandhi said he had heard that his action was resented both by Europeans and Indians; but the intervention was not of his seeking. "Why did I support Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta's nomination and not that of somebody else." As you know for some months past I have been saying that the Swarajists held my general power of attorney so far as the politics of India are concerned. I have found them capable of sacrifice, lovers their country, but not haters of Englishmen. I have thrown in my lot with the Swarajists. I have studied your (Europeans') history. I have seen some of your institutions grow-those in South Africa for instance under my very gaze. The Swarajists are, to-day, the most powerful political party in India" Mr. Gandhi then said that his first impression was that the Mayor of Calcutta should be a Mussalman and asked the gathering to remember how interested he as on the question of Hindu-Muslim ity. A Muslim leader told him that the time was not yet for a Muslim Mayor. The name of this leader was Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, one who did not belong to the Swarajya Party and who put forward the name of Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta. "The Maulana's words naturally carried weight with me." He had had the honour of meeting Mr. J.M. Sen Gupta in Chittagong. Mr. Sen Gupta had made a mark in the Legislative Council. He was the leader of the Bengal Swarajya Party and President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee. He must confess that he thought Mr. Sen Gupta could carry a triple burden on is shoulders if he had able lieutenants, and Mr. Sen Gupta could be justice to the Mayoral chair and serve Calcutta's citizens considerably. He had accordingly told Maulana Abul Kalam Azad who had asked him whether he wanted the Swarajya Party to hold together that under the circumstances Mr. Sen Gupta was the man for the Mayor's job.

NOT FURTHERING SELF-INTEREST.

I know of some objections that have been raised in the press. I want to put before you with candour and truth what it was that guided me. If you think that Mr. Sen Gupta has gone to the Corporation as Mayor to advance his own interests or those of his party. It is not so. I assure you that you are mistaken. I have heard the expression "Tammany Hall" applied this connection. Dismiss it from your minds. I should be the first to renounce such methods The only methods that my country can rise through are methods which are above board. If I have drown my lot into the affairs of Calcutta I have done so in order to serve you I have examined this question from every point of view. Mr. Sen Gupta has got the ability to fill the Mayoral chair and I would have been unjust if I did not advocate that if there was nothing against Mr. Sen Gupta then he should be elected Mayor of Calcutta.

Sir Hubert Carr said that Mr. Gandhi had the gathering's admiration for the spirit and courage displayed in coming to the meeting where there was opposition but no personal antagonism. To his mind and to those of the Europeans present the way in which the Mayoral election had been carried out was a piece of political jobbery.

Mr. Gandhi said he did not like Sir Hubert Carr's expression "political jobbery" because it was current coin in the world's politics.

TRAINED LAWYER'S FITNESS.

An objection had been raised that Mr. Sen Gupta was a perfect stranger to Calcutta, Mr. Gandhi said he did not know this before Mr. Sen Gupta was educated in Calcutta and had spent the best part of his life in that city. "I would lay down the principle that all other things being equel a political party has the right to elect whomsoever they consider to be the best man." Mr. Gandhi reminded his audience that Mr. Sen Gupta had promised that he was not going to make use of his political views while occupying the Mayoral chair and asked who was better for the post than the trained lawyer Mr. Gandhi wound up by referring to the late Sir Pherozeshah Mehta who was Chairman of the Bombay Corporation as well as the leader of his political party. "No one had run the Bombay Municipality with such distinction and the Swaraj Party has done no violence to any prineiple followed India."

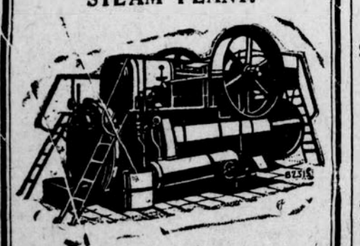
The President Mr. Page heartily thanked Mr. Gandhi for having come to the meeting of the Calcutta Branch of the European Association that night.—A. P.

MAHINDRE & Co.,

KOTHARI BUILDINGS

OPP, G. P. O. BOMBAY.

THE LAUZ LOCOMOBILE STEAM PLANT.



THE SIMPLEST AND VERY ECONOMICAL IN FUEL CONSUMPTION.

MANAGE BY ORDINARY MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

SWARAJISTS' HURRICANE CAMPAIGN.

Mr. B. F. Barucha wires from Madras:

Calcutta business is fair. Madras is greatly depressed. Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar is carrying on a hurricane campaign to capture municipal seats for the Swarajists. Meetings, street processions, and speeches on civic and political subjects are reviving the people's enthusiasm. The Swarajist candidates are confident of victory.

The Tamil Nadu Khadi organisation needs an urgent and thorough overhauling and an expert must be put in charge of it. If delayed, the precious time money and energy spent so far will have been wasted.—Free Press of India.

POONA'S NEW RAILWAY STATION.

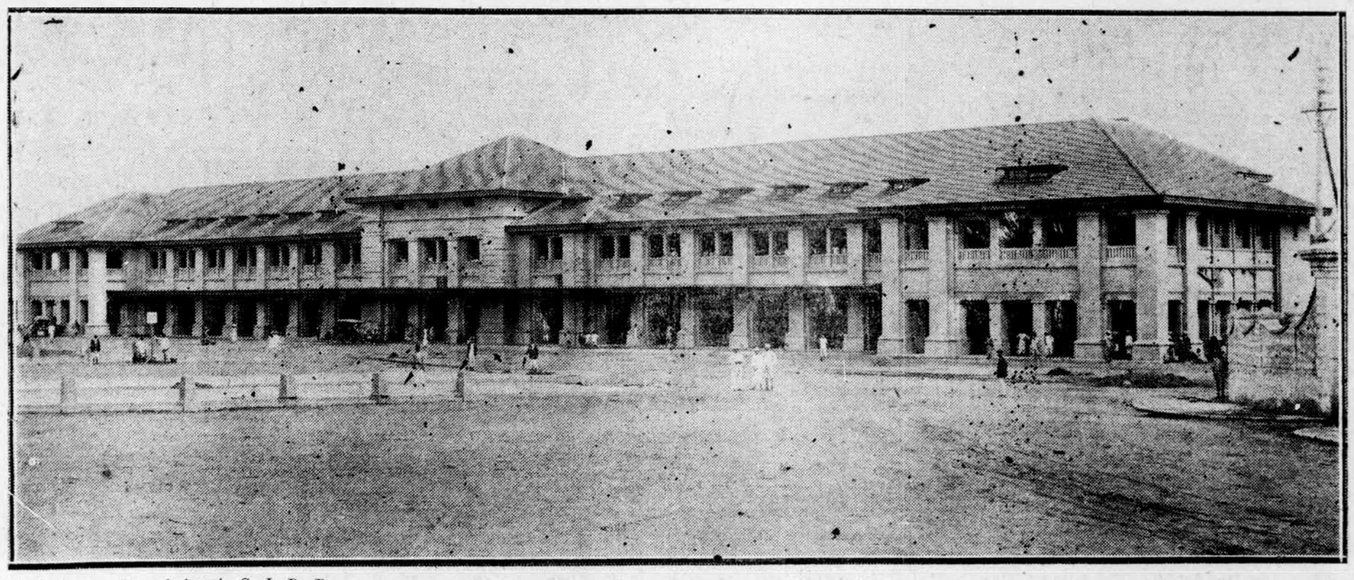


Photo by courtesy of Agent, G. I. P. Ry.

This spacious new station will be opened this evening by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay. The building was designed by Mr. C. B. Reid, the Architect of the G. I. P. Railway, and has cost five and a half lakhs. The opening of the new station marks an important step in the improvement of Architect of the G. I. P. Railway, and Poona.

EUROPEAN LAD'S HEROISM

"DISGRACEFUL CONDUCT OF SPECTATORS"

INCIDENT AT APOLLO BUNDER.

A tragic incident occurred on Thursday afternoon at the Apollo Bunder. It appears, a well-known Memon cloth merchant, Mr. Noormahomed Haji Alarakhia, was seated on the parapet of the sea wall when somehow he fell down in the sea. About a hundred people were present at the time, but, no one appears to have bestirred himself to render any assistance to him.

Mr. M. King, a European lad of 19 years, however, who was attracted to the scene by the crowd collected, took courage in his hands and jumped into the sea. Mr. King succeeded in dragging the drowning man towards the sea-wall. By that time, Allarakhia had become unconscious and Mr. King also had become quite exhausted. Two policemen, in nick of time, however, threw the reins of a victoria and Mr. Allarakhia was lifted out and landed on the Bunder. But, Mr. King was left alone to fight his own battle. He shouted to the spectators assembled there for help. but they appear to have merely laughed at it all the while taking it as a huge joke. Again the two policemen who pulled Mr. Allarakhia up, threw the horse-reins into the sea. and pulled, up Mr. King. Mr. King, though completely exhausted helped to remove Mr. Allarakhia to the G T. Hospital with a policeman. From the hospital, Mr Allarakhia was removed to his own residence at Kamoo Suleman Building near Jakeria Musjid, where he died at 5-30 p.m. on Friday.

THE INQUEST.

Rao Bahadur B. N. Athavle, Coroner, held an inquest on Friday night at the deceased's residence, when Dr. F. N. Moos, Surgeon in charge, G. T. Hospital, stated that the deceased was brought to the hospital at 3-20 p.m. on Thursday in a taxi by police constable No. A/570 accompanied by Mr. M. King. The deceased's breathing was stertorous, slow and jerky. He was unconscious and suffered from cerebral haemorrhage. He did not regain consciousness and died at 5-30 on Friday, the cause of death being cerebral haemorrhage and pneumonia.

Mr. Mark King, a motor engineer residing at Navsari Chambers, said that on Thursday about 3 p.m. he was going on his motor cycle along Apollo Bunder, when he noticed a crowd of about 100 persons near the wall of the Bunder. He got off the bicycle and looked over the parapet wall and saw a man lying in the water with his face down. A gharrywalla gave witness the reins of his horse and with it he jumped into the water. The tide was high and the sea was rough. When he brought the drowning man near the sea wall, the latter was pulled up by a policeman. He was not breathing when he was brought up. Witness was seized by the deceased when he was in water. Although a crowd of about 100 people had gathered, no one appeared to be anxious to rescue the man. Witness was in the water for half an hour and was completely exhausted. None of the spectators on the shore rendered the witness any assistance. Witness had to shout and swear at the people on the shore to get assistance. Then some one threw the reins back again to the witness and he was pulled up. After the witness was taken up, he immediately gave Allarakhia first aid and started artificial respiration. The man was then put into a taxi and the witness asked a policeman to take him to a hospital. Witness went to the hospital on his motor bicycle

POLICE EVIDENCE.

Ladu Sitaram, Police Constable No. 3085-A, said he noticed a crowd of people near the parapet wall at Apollo Bunder and he ran with another constable to the scene. They saw Mr. King in the water. He was trying to fasten a rope round a man who was drowning. The crowd was merely looking on as if it was a huge joke. Witness and his companion pulled the drowning men (Allarakhia and King) up over the wall. Mr. King was shouting in the water for help. Witness threw the reins back and pulled him up. He (King) was completely exhausted. The men in the crowd, who were about a hundred, rendered no help whatever.

"DISGRACEFUL."

After hearing the evidence of Mr. King and the police constable, the Coroner characterised the conduct of the onlookers as disgraceful inasmuch as they did not help either the drowning man or Mr. King who threw himself into the sea at the risk of his life.

Abdul Latiff Haji Jakeria, a cloth merchant, said, the deceased was his brother-in-law. He was in great financial trouble and the claims of the creditors were settled at six annas in the rupee His debt was about forty to fifty thousand rupees. About eight years ago, he had become insane and since recently he used to get fits now and then. He had a shop but it had gone out of his hands as the claims of the creditors were settled.

Abdul Sakur Noormahomed, deceased's son, said, the deceased had failed in his business and was in debt to the extent of Rs. 40,000. He settled with the creditors at six annas in the rupee.

JURY'S VERDICT.

The jury returned a verdict of death by cerebral haemorrhage and pneumonia in consequence of his having thrown himself into the sea at Apollo Bunder on the 23rd instant.

The jury desired that the heroic conduct of Mr. Mark King, a young gentleman of 19, who risked his own life and threw himself into the rough waters of the sea in order to rescue the deceased who was drowning should be brought to the notice of the authorities.

The jury agreed with coroner's remarks that the behaviour of the people who formed merely a crowd of onlookers while the deceased was drowning deserves to be censured in that they not only rendered no assistance to the deceased, but gave no help to Mr. King, who in his efforts to rescue the drowning man had himself become completely exhausted and was struggling for life in the water. The conduct of Ladu Sitaram P. C. 3051-A and Dehnu Vishnu P, C , 670-H was very praiseworthy.

Mr. Mark King, the plucky European lad who tried to rescue Mr. Allarakhia at the risk of his own life.

COMMISSIONER'S APPOINTMENT

CORPORATION MUST HAVE THE POWER

ISSUE AT NEXT ELECTION.

CITIZENS' PROTEST AGAINST COUNCIL DECISION.

"The Municipal Corporation and the Municipal Commissioner" was the subject before a public meeting held under the auspices of the Municipal Nationalist Party on Saturday evening. The meeting was held in the Marwadi Vidyalaya and Mr. V. J. Patel presided on the occasion.

Mr. V. J. Patel said that the meeting was convened under the auspices of the Municipal Nationalist Party to express their opinion on an important subject of civic interest. In 1924 the Municipal Corporation passed a resolution that the appointment of the Commissioner should be in the hands of the Corporation. Recently when Messrs. Nariman Jamnadas Mehta and the speaker were away the Corporation passed another resolution asking the Government to retain the power of appointing the Commissioner in the hands of the Government. In the Bombay Legislative Council Mr. Nariman re-opened the question, but thanks to *jo-hukumwallas* and their kind his amendment was thrown out. It was, however a matter of congratulation that in the Council the Swarajist Party led by Mr. M. R. Jayakar, solidly voted for Mr. Nariman's amendment.

Continuing Mr. Patel said that the question was of vital importance to them and they should not rest content till they had in their hands the power to appoint the Chief Executive Officer of the Municipal Corporation.

It was now the duty of the public to protest vehemently against the decision and see that it was revised As long as the appointment of the Commissioner was not in their hands, they could not be said to have got local self-government. The Municipal authority in Bombay was vested in three hands—the Municipal Corporators, the Commissioner and the Standing Committee. The Municipal Act gave wide powers to the Commissioner. In Calcutta the powers were primarily vested in the hands of the Corporation and they delegated certain powers to the Executive Officer. It was quite the reverse in Bombay. The Municipal Commissioner in Bombay had the right to make appointments carrying as high a salary as Rs. one lakh and they had enough experience to know how he used those powers though the appointments could be temporary. They had a glaring instance of the abuse of that power in the case of Capt. McDonald Clark who was appointed against the wishes of the Corporation on a salary Rs. 3,600 a month. The Commissioner had so ample powers that many times he openly defied the decisions of the Corporation and was so thick-skinned enough that no amount of criticism would make him mend his ways. In fact the Commissioner enjoyed more arbitary powers than either the Viceroy or the Governor of a province.

It was now upto the public to judge whether it was proper for any officer to have such powers But as long as they did not exercise proper judgment in the election of their representatives such things were bound to happen. It was a shame and a disgrace to see their own elected representatives like Rao Bahadur Pai, Mr. Ghamadia, Dr. Dadachanji and their recently elected member Mr. Heerjibehedan voting in favour for the non-transferance of the powers of appointing the Commissioner to the Corporation. No citizen having the least interest of the city's welfare at his heart would ever think of returning such candidates. It was also deplorable that when the question was taken up in the Corporation some of their Nationalist members were absent while some were perforce absent in Poona in the Legislative Council.

However, continued Mr. Patel, let them see that at the next election which was fast approaching they would not return a single representative of the type who had not only labelled themselves unworthy of any faith, but had labelled their electors as unfit to govern themselves. In the next election the appointment of the Commissioner would be the greatest issue and the Municipal Nationalist Party proposed to make the question the chief plank in their election programme. It was up then for the citizens to choose their own candidates and it was the clear duty of the electorate to return Nationalist candidates who stood for getting the power of appointing the Commissioner in their own hands.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta then moved following resolution:—

"This public meeting of the citizens of Bombay held under the auspices of the Bombay Municipal Nationalist Party strongly protests against the entirely reactionary step of the Government and members of the Bombay Legislative Council in throwing out Mr. Nariman's amendment transferring to the Corporation the right of appointing the Municipal Commissioner for the city of Bombay. The meeting particularly condemns the conduct of those Councillors of the Bombay Municipal Corporation who opposed the transfer of the right to the Corporation at a recent meeting of the Corporation and appreciates the attitude of the Swaraj Party in the Bombay Council in this behalf.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta in moving this resolution said that before the Muddiman Committee Indian members like the Hon. Mr. Cowasji Jehangir, Hon. Mr. Jadhav, the Hon. Mr. Hidyatulla the Hon. Mr. Dehlavi had expressed their opinion that provincial autonomy was necessary to India and that Bombay was quite prepared for the same. How was it then consistent with their views that these very gentlemen vote against the transfer of appointing the Commissioner from the Government to the Corporation of Bombay. Either they must publicly announce the statements they had made or admit that they were not in the proper possession of their senses when they gave evidence. As for those Corporators who had voted against the transfer the less said the better. They stood self-condemned before the bar of public opinion. They had admitted that they at least were not fit for further provincial autonomy and were incompetent to appoint such a high officer like the Commissioner. It was now for the public to make note of these incompetent corporators and see that at the next election, these incompetent men were not returned. It was no insult to the corporators for at least they had been frank enough to admit their incompetence, but surely it was an insult to the electorate that returned them

Concluding Mr. Jamnadas exhorted the audience to be very careful in the choice of their representatives and he agreed with the "Bombay Chronicle" that the next election should be contested on the issue of the appointment of the Commissioner. The Municipal Nationalist Party was contesting the next election on the same issue and he hoped that the electorate would return only such men as were out to guard their interests.

Mr. Bhalubhai Desai and Mr. Mohanlal Desai further supported the resolution which was carried.

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KRISTODAS PAL ANNIVERSARY.

MAHATMAJI'S TRIBUTE.

CALCUTTA, July 24.

Speaking at the late Rai Kristodas Pal Bahadur anniversary to-day, Mahatma Gandhi in the course of a speech said that the late Mr. Kristodas Pal was a fearless patriot, and with fearlessness he combined culture and courtesy. Mr. Gandhi said that fearlessness without gentleness was a mere brag and bluster. They should remember that fearlessness was only true when it was combined with non-violence. He concluded with saying "May God help you and help me, so that we may become better and fitter instruments for the task that lies before us."—A. P.

SANATAN HINDU MAHASABHA.

The Secretary of the Reception Committee of the All-India Sanathan Hindu Mahasabha wires from Benares:—

"In deference to a representation from Madras and the Punjab, as also from other places, the Reception Committee All-India Sanathan Hindu Mahasabha, decided not to hold a conference during the rains. The date of the Conference will be announced later on.

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KING & QUEEN RECEIVE DR. BESANT.

LATTER LEAVES FOR HOLLAND.

MADRAS, July 25.

The special correspondent of the "New India Cables from London under date July 24; "Dr. Besant received a Royal Command to attend the garden party at Buckingham Palace, to-day, and was among the first presentations to H.M. the King who spoke about his meeting with her at Benares and spent some time in conversation. The presentation was specially made by Mr. Arthur Henderson, late Home Secretary.

Shortly afterwards H.M. the Queen asked for Dr. Besant and had some conversation. The Queen was very interested to hear about the Girls College in Benares.

RECEPTION BY ARCHITECTS.

There was a big reception at the Royal Institute of British Architects, last night, in honour of Dr. Besant, when the Duchess of Hamilton, Lord and Lady Olivier and many ex-Cabinet Ministers and Members of Parliament were present. The guests numbered about 300. Dr. Besant spoke on the Commonwealth of India Bill.

Dr. Besant left for Holland to-night.

TRAMCAR SPEED.

OFFICIAL TRIAL.

A trial of tram car speed was held on Saturday at 11 a.m. between Boribunder and Museum which in future would be an authoritative guide in the Bombay Police Courts while deciding the cases of tram car accidents. The test was taken in view of the plea of some of the tramway drivers that it was impossible for them to stop the tram cars within ninety feet after the brake was applied Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, the Third Presidency Magistrate, in whose Court of late a number of cases of tram car accidents have come for trial, seemed not to have been satisfied with this plea of the tram drivers and therefore asked the Tramway Company to give a demonstration of the speed in his presence as well as the presence of both the police and the Tramway Company's officials. Accordingly, on Saturday a speed trial was held which lasted for more than an hour. In the tram car, besides, Mr. Dastur, were also seated Mr. R. P. Thanawala Police Prosecutor, Mr. Shealy, and Mr. Punter (Bombay City Police, Vehicle Department,) Sub-Inspector Akbar. Mr. Quin, Traffic Superintendent, Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company and a few tram drivers and conductors. The tram car was run at a varied speed from the slowest to the highest and attempts were made to stop it at once, at the same time the space was measured to see as to how many feet the tram car ran before it came to a complete standstill. This demonstration, it is understand, has proved that tram cars could be brought to a complete standstill in much less space than ninety feet as contended by the tram car drivers before.

G. I. P. RAILWAY SERVICE.

AN OFFICER'S COMPLAINT.

The Chief Transportation Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, writes:—

Recently, the G. I. P. Ry., inserted an advertisement in your paper asking for applications from qualified signallers for appointment as signallers on this railway. The results of that advertisement have been disappointing.

It may be well if I indicate in what respect the applicants failed both in sending in applications and in coming up to requirements.

(1) Applications came in from individuals who did not even profess to be qualified signallers or who had too slight a knowledge of signalling to be of any use.

(2) As a rule applications were much too diffuse.

(3) Applicants who stated they were qualified signallers and even submitted certificates from telegraph training schools failed, when examined, to come up to their own estimate of their abilities or to the standard entered in the certificate.

(4) The handwriting of some applications was so poor as to condemn the applicants right away as was also the case of some candidates called for examinations.

(5) The knowledge of spelling of most of the applicants when called for examination was very poor.

I am writing this because it may save future applicants the pain of disappointment. It is my intention to repeat the advertisement at some future date and I trust this letter may lead to a better result than the first effort has done.

COUNCIL AND ASSEMBLY ELECTORAL RULES.

AMENDMENT IN DISQUALIFICATION CLAUSES.

SIMLA, July 24.

The "Gazette of India" publishes the Amendments made with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council to the Electoral Rules of the Council of State, the Legislative Assembly and the Provincial Legislative Councils. By these Amendments the minimum period of imprisonment beyond which was disqualification, in the case of political prisoners standing for election to these bodies, has been extended from six months to one year. But the disqualification will be removed provided the person concerned makes an application and the Governor-General-in-Council approves of it, the order removing the disqualification to be made by the local Government concerned.—A. P.

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PYKARA SCHEME.

COST ESTIMATED AT FOUR CRORES.

MADRAS, July 24.

The "Madras Mail" understands that the Madras Government will immediately start work in what is known as the Pykara Scheme. The scheme is being already worked now as the private concern of a Syndicate composed amongst others of the well known electrical Engineers of London Messrs. Alfred Dickinson, and Government are now taking back the concession granted to the Syndicate. The Scheme involves to Government an initial expenditure of about three to four crores. The paper suggests the likelihood of Government finding the necessary amount in the English money market, thanks to the operation of the Trade Facilities Act.—A. P.

HINDU-KHOJA FRACAS.

SEQUEL TO MISSING OF KOLI BOY.

AHMEDABAD, July 25.

News has been received of a Hindu Khoja fracas at Patdi. The son of a Koli, it is alleged, was missing, whereupon the Kolis suspected that he must have been taken away by Khojas for sacrifice. The Kolis demanded the Khojakhana to be shown to them. It is said that certain portions of the Khojakhana were not known to the Kolis who got excited. Other Hindus also arrived and beat the Khojas. Meanwhile a police sub-inspector arrived on the scene and dispersed the Kolis.

Next day, it is alleged, the dead body of the boy who was missing was found about a mile from the village. There were only three small holes on the forehead of the dead body. Next day, the Deputy Superintendent of Police went to Patdi and there arrested several Hindus on charge of rioting and released them on bail. He has admitted the complaint of a Koli on the charge of murder against two Khojas. No arrests have been made and the police are making further enquiries Meanwhile, the Hindus of Patdi have declared a social boycott against Khojas in which the Hindus of other neighbouring towns also have joined.—A.P.

COMMUNAL FRACAS IN RANGOON.

RANGOON, July 25.

A fracas between several Chulia Mahomedans and Gujrati Hindus resulting in rather serious injuries to one well-to-do Gujarati rice merchant took place this morning in Moghul Street at the rice market. The Police Commissiner and other Police officials attended by a railway force quickly arrived on the scene and restored order. Moghul Street and neighbouring locality was under the control of the police the whole day and the rice market remained practically closed. The trouble originated yesterday over some business transaction when a quarrel between a Chulia and a Gujrati ended in blows. This morning a party of Chulias began attacking Gujratis in Moghul Street when the abovementioned Gujrati received injuries on the head. He was removed to the hospital by the police and his condition is reported to be serious. Two Chulias have been arrested.—A.P.

KIDNAPPING CASES IN LAHORE.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO INVESTIGATE.

LAHORE, July 24.

Owing to a number of recent kidnapping cases by some Pathans in Lahore the Deputy Commissioner invited a number of prominent Hindus at his office to-day to discuss the best means of speedily putting a stop to the reported Pathan scare.

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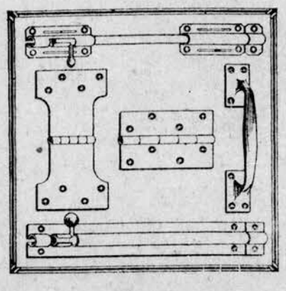

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